# MEKOPHAR CHEMICAL PHARMACEUTICAL JOINT-STOCK COMPANY

Audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

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The Board of Directors have the pleasure in presenting this report and the Audited consolidated financial statements of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company and its subsidiary (referred to as "the Company") for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023.

#### General information

The Company includes: Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company ("the Parent Company") and a subsidiary is Mekophar Company Limited.

#### The Parent Company

Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company ("the Parent Company") is a joint stock company established in Vietnam, is operating under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0302533156 on 08 February 2002, and the 21st amendment Business Registration Certificate dated 21 November 2023 on the change of Charter capital to VND 255,458,670,000, issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City.

Charter capital of the Parent Company at 31/12/2023 and at 01/01/2023 is VND 255,458,670,000 equivalent with 25,545,867 shares which have par value of VND 10,000/ share.

The Parent Company's shares are officially traded on the UPCOM market - the stock exchange of unlisted public companies on the Hanoi Stock Exchange with the stock code MKP according to Decision No. 1072/QD-SGDHN issued by Hanoi Stock Exchange on 29 December 2017 and the first trading date was 29 January 2018.

According to Business registration certificate, the Parent Company's business activities are:

- Producing medicine, pharmaceutical chemicals and medical substances;
- Producing other foodstuffs not yet classified in any other category;
- Producing non-alcoholic beverages and mineral water;
- Producing wooden crates for packaging;
- Short-time accommodation;
- Other uncategorized specialized wholesale;
- Retail of medication, medical equipment, cosmetic and hygiene products in specialized stores;
- Wholesale of food products;
- Wholesale of beverages;
- Wholesale of other household uncategorized appliances;
- Wholesale of other machines, equipment and spare parts;
- Commercial introduction and promotion;
- Other uncategorized financial services;
- Doing business in real-estate, land use rights of owner, users or leased land;
- Technical inspection and analysis;
- Other professional practice, science and technology;
- Agency, intermediary, auction;
- Wholesale of cloth, garments and footwear;
- Activities of hospitals, health stations;
- Other medical activities not classified in any category;
- Producing cosmetics, soap, detergent, polish and sanitary finished product.

In the year, the main activities of the Company were to manufacture and wholesale medicine, pharmaceutical chemicals and medical substances.

The Parent Company's head office is located at 297/5 Ly Thuong Kiet Street, Ward 15, District 11, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

#### Information about branches

The Parent Company has the following affiliated units:

No.	Name	Address
1	Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company	B26 and B28 - TT17 Van Quan - Yen Phuc New Urban Area, Phuc La Ward, Ha Dong District, Hanoi, Vietnam
2	Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company at Da Nang City	410 Nguyen Tri Phuong St., Hoa Thuan Tay Ward, Hai Chau District, Da Nang City, Vietnam
3	Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company	17A Cach Mang Thang Tam St., An Thoi Ward, Binh Thuy District, Can Tho City, Vietnam
4	Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company - Medicine Store 1	D9-10, 134/1 To Hien Thanh St., Ward 15, District 10, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam
5	Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company	No. 1, Alley 69, Yen Xuan Street, Quan Bau Ward, Vinh City, Nghe An Province, Vietnam
6	Representative office of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint- Stock Company at Hanoi	BT-2D (16B-3) - 16, Mo Lao New Urban Area, Mo Lao Ward, Ha Dong District, Hanoi, Vietnam

#### Subsidiary

The Parent Company has 1 subsidiary including:

Name	Address	Main activities	Ownership ratio	Voting ratio
Mekophar Company Limited	Lot I-9-5, Street D2, Hi- Tech Park, Long Thanh My Ward, Thu Duc City, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam	Producing biological products, drugs, cosmetics, functional foods, and stem cell banking activities	100%	100%

# 2. The members of the Board of Directors, the Board of Supervisors, the Board of General Directors and Chief Accountant

The members of the Board of Directors, the Board of Supervisors, the Board of General Directors and Chief Accountant during the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023 and as at the date of this report include:

### The Board of Directors

Full name Mr. Le Anh Phuong Ms. Huynh Thi Lan Ms. Dang Thi Kim Lan Mr. Satoshi Kawamura Mr. Dinh Xuan Han Ms. Nguyen Thi Quynh Anh	Position Chairman of the Board of Directors Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors Member Member Member Member
Ms. Phan Thi Lan Huong	Member

#### The Board of Supervisors

Full name	Position
Mr. Nguyen Viet Luan	Chief Supervisor
Mr. Nguyen Ba Khoa	Member
Mr. Tran Trung Ngon	Member

#### The Board of General Directors and Chief Accountant

Full name

Ms. Huynh Thi Lan

Ms. Dang Thi Kim Lan

Mr. Le Anh Phuong

Ms. Phan Thi Lan Huong

Mr. Phan Anh Tai

Position

General Director

Deputy General Director

Deputy General Director

Deputy General Director

Chief Accountant

#### Legal representative

The legal representative of the Parent Company during the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023 and at the date of this report is:

Full nameNationalityPositionMs. Huynh Thi LanVietnameseGeneral Director

#### 3. The Company's financial position and operating results

The Company's financial position and its operating result for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023 are reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

# 4. Events subsequent to the balance sheet date

There have been no significant events occurring after the balance sheet date for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023 which would require adjustments or disclosures to be made in the Notes to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 5. Auditors

AFC Vietnam Auditing Company Limited has been appointed to audit the Company's consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023.

# 6. Statement of the Board of General Directors' responsibility in respect of the consolidated financial statements

The Board of General Directors is responsible for preparing the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023 which give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Company, as well as of its consolidated operation results and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended. In preparing those consolidated financial statements, the Board of General Directors is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the consolidated financial statements;
- Prepare the consolidated financial statements on the going concern basic unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business; and
- Design, implement and maintain the Company's internal control for prevention and detection of fraud and error to preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

The Board of General Directors is responsible for ensuring that the proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the Vietnamese Accounting System. The Board of General Directors is also responsible for managing the assets of the Company and therefore has taken the appropriate measures to prevent and detect frauds and other irregularities.

The Board of General Directors confirmed that the Company has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

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### 7. Approval of the consolidated financial statements

The Board of Directors hereby approves the accompanying consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023, its operation results and cash flows of the Company for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System and comply with relevant statutory requirements relating to the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

LE ANH PHUONG

Chairman

HÁA - DƯỢC PHẨM

Ho Chi Minh City, 25 March 2024



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Shareholders, the Board of Directors and the Board of General Directors Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company and its subsidiary (referred to as "the Company"), prepared on 25 March 2024, as set out from page 7 to 44, which comprise the Consolidated Balance sheet as at 31 December 2023, the Consolidated Income statement, the Consolidated Cash flow statement for the fiscal year then ended and the Notes to the Consolidated Financial statements.

### The Board of General Directors' responsibility

The Board of General Directors of the Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements of the Company in accordance with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System and comply with relevant statutory requirements to preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements and for such internal control as the Board of General Directors of the Company determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An auditor involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of General Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023 and the results of its consolidated operations and its consolidated cash flows for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System and comply with relevant statutory requirements to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** (cont.)

### Other matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2022 had been audited by other auditor and audit firm. These auditors had given an unqualified audit opinion on these financial statements as at 29 March 2023.

CÔNG TY
TNHH
KIỆM TOÁN
FC VIỆT NAM

No. 1180-2023-009-1

PHAM THI NGOC LIEN

Deputy General Director

Audit practicing registration certificate

AFC VIETNAM AUDITING COMPANY LIMITED Ho Chi Minh City, 25 March 2024

LE HUYNH BAO Auditor

Audit practicing registration certificate No. 5449-2021-009-1

As at 31 December 2023

ITEMS	Code	Notes	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	01/01/2023 VND
ASSETS				
A - CURRENT ASSETS	100		833,961,237,835	879,002,635,814
Cash and cash equivalents     Cash     Cash equivalents	<b>110</b> 111 112	5.1	<b>130,060,029,110</b> 70,060,029,110 60,000,000,000	<b>62,011,606,836</b> 57,011,606,836 5,000,000,000
<ul><li>II. Short term financial investments</li><li>1. Trading securities</li><li>2. Provision for diminution in value of held for trading securities</li></ul>	<b>120</b> 121 122	5.2	<b>55,946,711,100</b> 10,946,711,100	<b>70,946,711,100</b> 10,946,711,100
Held-to-maturity investments	123	5.2	45,000,000,000	60,000,000,000
<ol> <li>Short-term receivables</li> <li>Short-term accounts receivable</li> <li>Short-term advances to suppliers</li> <li>Short-term inter-company receivables</li> <li>Construction contract receivables based on progress billings</li> <li>Short-term loan receivables</li> <li>Other short-term receivables</li> <li>Provision for doubtful short-term debts</li> <li>Deficient assets pending resolution</li> </ol>	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137	5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6	62,910,094,698 62,411,916,961 2,801,524,930 - - - 1,592,171,611 (3,895,518,804)	90,638,130,160 112,705,286,441 11,253,787,460 - - 1,239,811,983 (34,560,755,724)
<ul><li>IV. Inventories</li><li>1. Inventories</li><li>2. Provision for decline inventories</li></ul>	<b>140</b> 141 149	5.7	<b>574,290,410,185</b> 593,399,616,834 (19,109,206,649)	<b>638,455,197,980</b> 646,330,717,416 (7,875,519,436)
<ul> <li>V. Other short-term assets</li> <li>1. Short-term prepayments</li> <li>2. Deductible VAT</li> <li>3. Other receivables from State budget</li> <li>4. Transactions to buy, resell government bonds</li> <li>5. Other short-term assets</li> </ul>	150 151 152 153 154 155	5.8 5.14	10,753,992,742 2,906,161,258 7,847,831,484 - -	16,950,989,738 2,858,110,153 13,429,530,250 663,349,335

As at 31 December 2023

ITEMS	Code	Notes	31/12/2023 VND	01/01/2023 VND
B - NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		714,972,975,645	741,431,318,958
I. Long-term receivables  1. Long-term receivables from customers 2. Long-term advances to suppliers 3. Business capital in dependent units 4. Long-term inter-company receivables 5. Long-term loan receivables 6. Other long-term receivables 7. Provision for doubtful long-term debt	210 211 212 213 214 215 216 219			- - - - - -
II. Fixed assets  1. Tangible fixed assets  - Cost  - Accumulated depreciation  2. Finance leases fixed assets  - Cost  - Accumulated depreciation  3. Intangible fixed assets  - Cost  - Accumulated depreciation	220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229	5.9 5.10	682,468,506,514 674,707,727,215 1,045,843,566,274 (371,135,839,059) - - - 7,760,779,299 13,507,253,139 (5,746,473,840)	713,615,638,529 705,152,927,567 1,029,444,417,814 (324,291,490,247) - - 8,462,710,962 13,507,253,139 (5,044,542,177)
III. Investment property - Cost - Accumulated depreciation	<b>230</b> 231 232		-	- -
<ul><li>IV. Long-term assets in progress</li><li>1. Long-term works in progress</li><li>2. Construction in progress</li></ul>	<b>240</b> 241 242	5.11	- - -	<b>27,258,314</b> - 27,258,314
<ul><li>V. Long-term financial investments</li><li>1. Investment in subsidiaries</li><li>2. Investment in joint ventures, and associates</li></ul>	<b>250</b> 251 252		<b>24</b> ,068,960,000 - -	<b>24,068,960,000</b> - -
<ol> <li>Investments in other entities</li> <li>Provision for diminution in value of long-term financial investments</li> <li>Long-term investments held-to-maturity</li> </ol>	253 254 255	5.2	24,068,960,000	24,068,960,000
VI. Other non-current assets 1. Long-term prepaid expenses 2. Deferred income tax assets 3. Long-term equipment, spare parts for replacement 4. Other non-current assets 5. Goodwill	260 261 262 263 268 269	5.8	<b>8,435,509,131</b> 8,435,509,131 - -	<b>3,719,462,115</b> 3,719,462,115 - -
TOTAL ASSETS	270		1,548,934,213,480	1,620,433,954,772

As at 31 December 2023

ITEMS	Code	Notes	31/12/2023 VND	01/01/2023 VND
RESOURCES				
C – LIABILITIES	300		288,040,365,686	352,785,574,781
1. Current liabilities 1. Trade accounts payable 2. Short-term advance from customers 3. Taxes and payables to State budget 4. Payables to employees 5. Short-term accrued expenses 6. Short-term inter-company payables 7. Construction contract payables based on progress billings 8. Short-term unrealized revenues 9. Other current payables 10. Short-term loans and finance lease liabilities 11. Provision for short-term payables 12. Bonus and welfare funds 13. Price Stabilization Fund 14. Transactions to buy, resell government bonds	310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324	5.12 5.13 5.14 5.15 5.16 5.17	122,557,324,276 27,090,995,359 41,086,247,272 7,359,266,108 18,161,281,160 6,483,106,063 - - 11,200,626,413 - 11,175,801,901	199,825,108,871 77,587,524,740 34,278,046,782 18,014,726,709 19,501,264,441 5,463,679,143 - - 28,923,161,173 8,010,240,000
<ol> <li>Long-term liabilities</li> <li>Long-term trade payables</li> <li>Long-term advance from customers</li> <li>Long-term accrued expenses</li> <li>Inter-company payables on capital</li> <li>Long-term payables to inter-company</li> <li>Long-term unrealized revenues</li> <li>Other long-term payables</li> <li>Long-term loans and finance lease liabilities</li> <li>Convertible bonds</li> <li>Preferred shares</li> <li>Deferred income tax liabilities</li> <li>Provision for long-term payables</li> <li>Science and technology development fund</li> </ol>	330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 340 341 342 343	5.19	165,483,041,410 - - - - 165,483,041,410 - - - -	152,960,465,910 - - - - 152,960,465,910 - - - -

As at 31 December 2023

ITEMS	Code	Notes	31/12/2023 VND	<b>01/01/2023</b> VND
D - OWNER'S EQUITY	400		1,260,893,847,794	1,267,648,379,991
<ol> <li>Capital</li> <li>Owners' invested capital</li> <li>Ordinary shares with voting rights</li> <li>Preferred shares</li> <li>Capital surplus</li> <li>Convertible bonds option</li> <li>Other owner's capital</li> <li>Treasury shares (*)</li> <li>Assets revaluation difference</li> <li>Foreign exchange difference</li> <li>Investment and development funds</li> <li>Business arrangements support fund</li> <li>Other owner's funds</li> <li>Retained earnings</li> <li>Retained earnings brought forward</li> </ol>	410 411 411a 411b 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420 421 421a	5.20	1,260,893,847,794 255,458,670,000 255,458,670,000 - 409,789,114,458 - (14,487,151,158) - 576,623,174,082 - 33,510,040,412 8,395,912,898	1,267,648,379,991 255,458,670,000 255,458,670,000 - 409,789,114,458 - (14,487,151,158) - 574,559,027,845 - 42,328,718,846 637,794,105
- Retained earnings brought forward - Retained earnings for the current year 12. Construction capital sources 13. Non-controlling shareholder profit  II. Non-business expenditure fund and other funds 1. Non-business expenditure fund 2. Non-business expenditure fund invested in fixed assets	421b 422 429 <b>430</b> 431 432		25,114,127,514	41,690,924,741
TOTAL RESOURCES	440		1,548,934,213,480	1,620,433,954,772

CỔ PHẨN HÓA - ĐƯỢC PHẨM

LE THI THU HUONG Preparer PHAN ANH TAI Chief Accountant

HUYNH THI LAN General Director Ho Chi Minh City, 25 March 2024

# **CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT**

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

ITEMS	Code	Notes	<b>2023</b> VND	<b>2022</b> VND
Revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services	01		904,838,743,436	1,193,242,313,120
2. Deductions	02		92,171,392	1,096,629,754
3. Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	10	6.1	904,746,572,044	1,192,145,683,366
4. Cost of goods sold	11	6.2	637,368,901,371	843,394,340,294
5. Gross profit from sale of goods and rendering of services	20		267,377,670,673	348,751,343,072
6. Financial income	21	6.3	24,884,010,729	17,498,739,008
7. Financial expenses	22	6.4	4,868,389,845	17,893,213,617
- In which: Interest expenses	23		500,875,192	3,698,359,418
8. Profit or loss of joint venture and associate	24		-	-
9. Selling expenses	25	6.5	108,591,717,591	151,444,200,275
10. General and administration expenses	26	6.6	151,740,435,938	130,173,734,911
11. Operating profit/(loss)	30		27,061,138,028	66,738,933,277
12. Other income	31	6.7	18,797,225,996	488,372,697
13. Other expenses	32	6.8	2,544,032,505	2,439,962,019
14. Other profit/(loss)	40	_	16,253,193,491	(1,951,589,322)
15. Accounting profit before tax	50	-	43,314,331,519	64,787,343,955
16. Current corporate income tax expense	51	5.14	18,200,204,005	23,096,419,214
17. Deferred corporate income tax expense	52		田	-
18. Net profit after corporate income tax	60		25,114,127,514	41,690,924,741
<ol><li>Profit after tax of shareholders of the paren company</li></ol>	<sup>it</sup> 61		25,114,127,514	41,690,924,741
20. Profit after tax of non-controlling shareholders	62		-	-
21. Earnings per share	70	6.9	994	1,405

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LE THI THU HUONG Preparer PHAN ANH TAI Chief Accountant HUYNH THI LAN General Director

HÓA - DƯỢC PHẨM

Ho Chi Minh City, 25 March 2024

# CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Indirect method)
For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

ITEMS	Code		<b>2023</b> VND	<b>2022</b> VND
I. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING		_	VIND	VIND
ACTIVITIES				
Net profit before tax	01		43,314,331,519	64,787,343,955
2. Adjustments for:			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	and a grant and a control of the con
- Depreciation and amortisation of fixed assets,	02		48,496,580,283	48,051,890,395
investment property				
- Provisions, (reversal)	03		(19,431,549,707)	13,788,147,795
- (Gain), loss foreign exchange rate differences	04		(339,713,402)	(1,373,941,375)
upon revaluation of monetary	V20070000			
- Gain, loss from investing activities	05		(24,111,054,023)	(14,253,615,162)
- Interest expense	06		500,875,192	3,698,359,418
- Other adjustments	07		=	-
3. Operating profit before movements in working capital	80		48,429,469,862	114,698,185,026
- (Increase), decrease in receivables	09		65,580,931,224	84,035,593,189
- (Increase), decrease in inventories	10		52,931,100,582	(295,980,050,766)
- Increase, (decrease) in account payable	11		(48,663,548,572)	38,722,992,028
(other than interest payables, CIT payables)	2.2		(10,000,010,012)	00,722,002,020
- (Increase), decrease in accrued expenses	12		(4,764,098,121)	(1,976,892,899)
- Increase, decrease in trading securities	13		-	
- Interest paid	14		(500,875,192)	(3,698,359,418)
- Corporate income tax paid	15		(29,906,615,134)	(8,863,627,409)
- Other cash inflows	16		-	-0
- Other cash outflows	17		(3,063,102,693)	(3,928,153,000)
Net cash flow from operating activities	20	-	80,043,261,956	(76,990,313,249)
II. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Cash outflow for purchasing and construction of fixed assets and other long-term assets	21		(17,322,189,954)	(12,212,059,407)
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets and	22		17,500,000	356,842,592
other long-term assets	22		17,500,000	000,042,002
Cash outflow for buying debt instruments of	23		(87,000,000,000)	(208,782,978,631)
other entities	20		(01,000,000,000)	(200): 02)0: 0,00: 1)
Cash recovered from lending, selling debt instruments of other companies	24		102,000,000,000	393,782,978,631
5. Investment in other entities	25		-	-
6. Cash recovered from investments in other	26		-	<b>=</b> :
entities				
7. Interest income received, dividends received	27		23,356,841,695	13,896,772,570
Net cash flow from investing activities	30		21,052,151,741	187,041,555,755
III. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	***************************************			
Proceeds from issuing stocks, receiving capital from owners	31		-	-
Capital withdrawals, buying treasury shares	32		_	1=
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	33	7.1	14,880,600,000	161,936,667,600
Repayment of borrowings	34	7.2	(22,890,840,000)	(239,152,860,847)
5. Repayment of obligations under finance	35			(===, ==, ==, ==, ==, ==, ==, ==, ==, ==
lease				
6. Dividends paid	36		(25,268,221,000)	(20,214,576,800)
Net cash flow from financing activities	40		(33,278,461,000)	(97,430,770,047)
		-		

# CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Indirect method)

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

ITEMS	Code	<b>2023</b> VND	<b>2022</b> VND
NET INCREASE/ DECREASE IN CASH IN YEAR (50 = 20 + 30 + 40)	50	67,816,952,697	12,620,472,459
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	60	62,011,606,836	49,167,213,893
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rate	61	231,469,577	223,920,484
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF YEAR (70 = 50 + 60 + 61)	70	130,060,029,110	62,011,606,836

HÓA - DƯỢC PHẨN

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LE THI THU HUONG Preparer PHAN ANH TAI Chief Accountant

HUYNH THI LAN General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, 25 March 2024

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

#### 1.1 Structure of ownership

Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company ("the Parent Company") is a joint stock company established in Vietnam, is operating under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0302533156 on 08 February 2002, and the 21st amendment Business Registration Certificate dated 21 November 2023 on the change of Charter capital to VND 255,458,670,000, issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City.

Charter capital of the Parent Company at 31/12/2023 and at 01/01/2023 is VND 255,458,670,000 equivalent with 25,545,867 shares which have par value of VND 10,000/ share.

The Parent Company's shares are officially traded on the UPCOM market - the stock exchange of unlisted public companies on the Hanoi Stock Exchange with the stock code MKP according to Decision No. 1072/QD-SGDHN issued by Hanoi Stock Exchange on 29 December 2017 and the first trading date was 29 January 2018.

The Parent Company's head office is located at 297/5 Ly Thuong Kiet Street, Ward 15, District 11, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

#### 1.2 Scope of operating activities

The Company (include the Parent Company and its subsidiary) operates in the field of production, trading, rendering services.

#### 1.3 Line of business

According to Business registration certificate, the Parent Company's business activities are:

- Producing medicine, pharmaceutical chemicals and medical substances;
- Producing other foodstuffs not yet classified in any other category;
- Producing non-alcoholic beverages and mineral water;
- Producing wooden crates for packaging;
- Short-time accommodation;
- Other uncategorized specialized wholesale;
- Retail of medication, medical equipment, cosmetic and hygiene products in specialized stores;
- Wholesale of food products;
- Wholesale of beverages;
- Wholesale of other household uncategorized appliances;
- Wholesale of other machines, equipment and spare parts;
- Commercial introduction and promotion;
- Other uncategorized financial services;
- Doing business in real-estate, land use rights of owner, users or leased land;
- Technical inspection and analysis;
- Other professional practice, science and technology;
- Agency, intermediary, auction;
- Wholesale of cloth, garments and footwear;
- Activities of hospitals, health stations;
- Other medical activities not classified in any category;
- Producing cosmetics, soap, detergent, polish and sanitary finished product.

In the year, the main activities of the Company were to manufacture and wholesale medicine, pharmaceutical chemicals and medical substances.

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 1.4 Normal business cycle

Business cycle of the Company is not exceeding 12 months.

#### 1.5 The structure of the Company

The Company includes the Parent Company, 1 direct subsidiary is Mekophar Company Limited.

The Parent Company has the following affiliated units:

No	Name	Address
1	Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company	B26 and B28 - TT17 Van Quan - Yen Phuc New Urban Area, Phuc La Ward, Ha Dong District, Hanoi, Vietnam
2	Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company at Da Nang City	410 Nguyen Tri Phuong St., Hoa Thuan Tay Ward, Hai Chau District, Da Nang City, Vietnam
3	Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company	17A Cach Mang Thang Tam St., An Thoi Ward, Binh Thuy District, Can Tho City, Vietnam
4	Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company - Medicine Store 1	D9-10, 134/1 To Hien Thanh St., Ward 15, District 10, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam
5	Branch of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company	No. 1, Alley 69, Yen Xuan Street, Quan Bau Ward, Vinh City, Nghe An Province, Vietnam
6	Representative office of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint- Stock Company at Hanoi	BT-2D (16B-3) - 16, Mo Lao New Urban Area, Mo Lao Ward, Ha Dong District, Hanoi, Vietnam

#### Subsidiary

The Parent Company has 1 subsidiary which is reflected in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method, detail as follows:

Name	Address	Main activities	Ownership ratio	Voting ratio
	J	Producing biological products, drugs, cosmetics, functional foods, and stem cell banking activities	100%	100%

## 1.6 Declaration on the comparability of information on the consolidated financial statements

The figures are presented in the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023 compared with the corresponding figures prior year.

#### 1.7 Employees

As at 31 December 2023, the total number of employees of the Company was 661 (31 December 2022: 667 persons).

### 2. ACCOUNTING YEAR AND ACCOUNTING CURRENCY

#### 2.1 Fiscal year

The fiscal year of the Company is from January 01 to December 31 annually.

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 2.2 Accounting currency

The Company maintains its accounting records in Vietnamese dong (VND) due to the collect and spending are made primarily by currency VND.

#### 3. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS APPLICATION

#### 3.1 Accounting Standards and regulations application

The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting System issued Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC on 22 December 2014, the Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC on 21 March 2016, the Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC on 22 December 2014 issued by the Ministry of Finance guiding the preparation and presentation methods of the consolidated financial statements and Vietnam Accounting Standards.

The Company applied Vietnamese accounting standards; Accounting System issued Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC, No. 53/2016/TT-BTC, No. 202/2014/TT-BTC and other circulars guiding the implementation of accounting standards by the Ministry of Finance in the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements.

### 3.2 Comply with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and Vietnamese Accounting System

The Board of General Directors is ensure that complied with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System according to Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC, Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC, Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC and as well as the guiding implementation of Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance in relating to the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 4.1 Basis of preparation the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Parent Company and the financial statements of subsidiaries controlled by the parent company until the date of the annual report. The control is achieved when the parent company has the ability to control the financial and operating policies of investee companies to obtain benefits from the activities of these companies.

Operating results of subsidiaries which acquired or disposed during the year are presented in the consolidated statement of operations from the date of purchase or to the date of sale of investments in those subsidiaries.

In case of necessity, the financial statements of subsidiaries are adjusted to the accounting policies applied in the parent company and its subsidiaries are the same.

All transactions and balances between companies in the Company are eliminated on consolidation of financial statements.

Non-controlling interest in net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are identified as a target separately from the equity component of the shareholders of the parent company. Interests of non-controlling shareholders include the value of the benefit of non-controlling shareholders as at the initial business combination and share the interests of non-controlling shareholders in the volatility of the total equity since the date of incorporation most business. The losses corresponding to the capital of non-controlling shareholders exceed their share of equity in the total equity of the subsidiary are charged against the interests of the Company unless the non-controlling shareholders have a binding obligation and have the ability to offset such losses.

#### **Business consolidation**

Assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the subsidiaries are determined under the fair value at the acquisition date. Any additional terms of the cost of acquisition below the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. Any deficiency of the cost of acquisition and the fair value of total assets acquired is recognized in the results of operations of the accounting period incurred acquisition activity.

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Non-controlling interest at the date of the original business combination is determined on the basis of the percentage of non-controlling shareholders in the total fair value of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized.

#### 4.2 Accounting Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System and the relevant statutory requirements relating to the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements requires that the Board of General Directors must make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements as well as the reported amounts about revenues and expenses over the year of operation. Although accounting estimates are made with all known knowledge of the Board of General Directors, actual amounts incurred may differ from estimates, assumptions.

# 4.3 Foreign currency transactions

In the year, transactions in currencies other than VND during the year have been translated into VND at exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. The balances of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the period end date are converted by the buying transfer exchange rate and selling exchange rate of the commercial bank which the Parent Company and its subsidiaries have often transactions prevailing on this date.

Exchange differences arising during the year from transactions in foreign currencies are recognized in the financial income or financial expense. Exchange differences arising from revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date after off-setting the differences is recognized in the financial income or financial expense.

### 4.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand, cash in banks (demand deposits) and cash in transit. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value at the report date.

### 4.5 Financial investments

#### Trading securities

Trading securities include stocks and bonds listed on the stock market; securities and other financial instruments held for trading purposes (including securities bought and sold for profit with a maturity of more than 12 months).

Trading securities are recorded at cost, including: Purchase price plus purchase costs (if any) such as brokerage expense, transaction expense, information provision, taxes, and banking fees. The original price of trading securities is determined according to the fair value of the payments at the time of the transaction. Trading securities are recorded at the time when investors have ownership, specifically: Listed securities are recognized at the time of order matching (T+0) and unlisted securities are recorded at the time of official ownership in accordance with the law.

Provision for devaluation in value of trading securities is made for possible loss in value when there is firm evidence of the market value of those securities held by the Company for trading purposes at the time of preparation of the financial statements.

#### Held-to-maturity investments

Investments are classified as held to maturity when the Company has the intention and ability to hold to maturity. Investments held to maturity include: bank deposits with a term (including treasury bills, promissory notes), bonds, the preferred shares which issued compulsory acquisition at a certain point in the future and loans held to maturity for the purpose of collecting interest periodically and other held to maturity investments.

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Investments held to maturity are initially recognized at cost including purchase price and the expenses related to the purchase of investments. After initial recognition, these investments are stated at recoverable value. Interest income from investments held to maturity after the acquisition date is recognized in the Income statement on an accrual basis. Rates enjoyed before the holding is deducted from the cost of acquisition.

When there is strong evidence suggesting that part or all of the investments may not be recoverable and the damage can be measured reliably, the loss is recorded in financial expenses in the year and reduced directly to investment value.

When an investment is liquidated, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognized as income or expense.

#### Investments in other entities

Investments in other entities are investments in equity instruments of another entity but the Company does not have control, joint control or significant influence over the investee.

These investments are initially recognized at cost, which includes the purchase price or capital contribution plus any directly attributable costs of the investment. The Board of Management reviews these investments to recognize any provision at the end of the accounting period.

Provisions for loss of investments in equity instruments of other entities are made as follows:

- For an investment in listed shares or the fair value of the investment is reliably determined, the provision is based on the market value of the shares.
- For investments whose fair value cannot be determined at the time of preparing financial statements, provision is made based on the investee's loss with an allowance equal to the difference between the actual contributed capital of the investee and the investor multiplied by the Company's capital contribution ratio compared to the total actual contributed capital of the parties in the other entity.

Increase or decrease in provision for diminution in value of investments in other entities have recorded at the end of the fiscal year, and is recognized in the financial expense.

### 4.6 Receivables

Trade and other receivables are stated at cost less provision for doubtful debts.

The classifications of receivables are trade receivables and other receivables, which complied with the following principles:

- Trade receivables reflect the nature of the receivables arising from commercial transactions with purchase sale between the Company and an independent purchaser.
- Other receivables reflect the nature of the receivables arising from non-commercial transactions, and not to be related to the purchase sale transactions.

The provision for doubtful debts represents the estimated loss due to non-payment arising on receivables that were outstanding at the balance sheet date. Increases and decreases to the provision balance are recognized as general and administrative expense in the Consolidated Income statement.

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 4.7 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost of inventories is determined as follows:

- Materials, goods: comprising all costs of purchase and related expenses directly incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.
- Finished goods: comprising costs of raw materials, direct labor and general production costs directly related to the production process.
- Work-in-process: including raw materials expenses, direct labor and production expenses.

Net realisable value means the estimated selling price of inventories in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The Company applies the perpetual inventory method of accounting for inventories and the cost is determined on the weighted average method.

Provision for decline of inventories is made for each inventory with the cost greater than the net value realizable.

An inventory provision is created for the estimated loss arising due to the impairment (through diminution, damage, obsolescence, etc.) of raw materials, finished goods and other inventories owned by the Company, based on appropriate evidence of impairment available at the balance sheet date. Increases and decreases to the provision balance are recognised as cost of goods sold in the consolidated income statement.

#### 4.8 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include actual expenses incurred but related to the results of production and business activities of many financial years. Prepaid expenses have been put into use are amortised to expense under the straight-line method to amortise time not exceeding 3 years.

#### 4.9 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The historical cost of tangible fixed assets include all the expenses that the Company incurs to get fixed assets by the time the asset is put into a state ready for use. Costs incurred after initial recognition is only recorded as increase in cost of fixed assets if these costs are sure to increase economic benefits in the future by using this assets. The costs incurred are not satisfied conditions are recognized as an expense in the period.

When selling or liquidating assets, their cost and accumulated depreciation of the assets are written off in the financial statements and any gain or loss which are arising from disposal are recorded in the Consolidated income statement.

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets which is calculated under the straight-line depreciation method with useful time of the asset is estimated as follows:

	Years
Building and structure	05 – 25
Machinery and equipment	03 - 12
Transportation	05 - 10
Office equipment	04 - 10

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

### 4.10 Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The historical cost of intangible fixed assets include all the expenses that the Company incurs to get fixed assets by the time the asset is put into a state ready for use. Costs related to intangible assets incurred after initial recognition are recognized as expenses in the period, unless these costs are associated with an intangible asset and increase economic benefits from these assets.

When assets are sold or retired, their cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the balance sheet and any gain or losses resulting from their disposal are recognized in other income or other expense.

The Company's intangible fixed assets include:

#### Copyright of stem cells usage

All the actual costs that the Company spent related directly to copyright of stem cells usage. The copyright of stem cells usage of the Company is amortised in 3 years.

#### Land use rights

Land use rights are all the actual costs that the Company spent related directly to the land use, includes: money spent to have the right to use land, compensation and site clearance expense, leveling, registration fee,... The land use right of the Company is stated at cost and are not amortized depreciation.

#### Computer software

The expenses of purchasing computer software, which is not a part associated with the relevant hardware, will be capitalised. The initial cost of computer software includes all the expenses paid until the date the software is put into use. Computer software is amortised according to straight —line method in 2 - 5 years.

### 4.11 Construction in progress

Construction in progress presents costs that are directly related (including related interest expenses in accordance with the Company's accounting policy) to assets under construction, machinery and equipment being installed for production, leasing and management purposes as well as costs related to the repair of fixed assets in progress. These assets are stated at cost and are not depreciated.

#### 4.12 Accounts payables and accrued expenses

Accounts payable and accrued payable are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future, which are related to the goods and services received. Accrued payables are recorded based on reasonable estimates of the amounts payable.

The classification of liabilities is trade payable, accrued expenses and other payables are in accordance with the following principles:

- Trade payables reflects the payables occurring from the commercial transactions with purchase of goods, services, property and the seller, which is an independent unit with the Company.
- Accrued payables reflect the amounts payable for goods and services received from the seller or has provided to the buyer but not paid due to no or insufficient billing records, accounting records and payable to employees on sabbatical salary, production costs that must be accrued.
- Other payables reflect the payables from non-commercial payables and not relate to the purchase – sale transactions.

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 4.13 Salary

Salary expenses are determined based on salary, wage and allowances as stated in agreedupon labor contracts.

### 4.14 Salary deduction

Social insurance is deducted base on salary under labor contract at a cost of 17.5% and deducted from employees' salaries 8%.

Health insurance is deducted base on salary under labor contract at a cost of 3% and deducted from employees' salaries 1.5%.

Unemployment insurance is deducted base on salary under labor contract at a cost of 1% and deducted from employees' salaries 1%

Trade unions fees deducted on salaries to the cost of 2%.

#### 4.15 Unrealized revenue

Unrealized revenue is an advance revenue mainly consisting of prepayments from customers for one or more accounting periods for asset leasing.

The Company recognizes unrealized revenue in proportion to the obligations that the Company will have to perform in the future. When the revenue recognition conditions are met, unrealized revenue is recognized in the income statement for the period corresponding to the portion that satisfies the revenue recognition condition.

#### 4.16 Owners' equity

#### Contributed capital of the owner

Capital is recorded according to the amount actually invested by shareholders.

#### Surplus of stock capital

Surplus of stock capital are recognized at the difference between the issued price and face value of shares when first released, the release added, the difference between the price reissued and the book value of treasury shares and structures the capital of the convertible bond at maturity. Direct expenses related to the issuance of additional shares and treasury shares reissued are reduced Surplus of stock capital.

#### Treasury shares

Upon the acquisition of the Company's issued shares, the payment includes transaction costs recognized as treasury shares and reflected as a deduction in the owners' equity. When reissued, the difference between the reissue value and the book value of the treasury shares is recorded as "Surplus of stock capital".

#### **Funds**

Funds are appropriated and used in accordance with the Charter of the Parent Company.

### 4.17 Profit distribution

Profit after corporate income tax is distributed to shareholders after the deduction of funds under the Charter of the Parent Company and the provisions of the law which were approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

The distribution of profits to shareholders is considered non-monetary assets and liabilities in net undistributed profit may affect cash flow and ability to pay dividends as profit from revaluation of assets contributed as capital and interest due to the revaluation of monetary items, the financial instruments and non-monetary items other.

Dividends are recognized as liabilities when approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

#### 4.18 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amount is computed by dividing net profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Parent Company before any appropriation of bonus and welfare fund by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

#### 4.19 Revenues

#### Revenues from sales of goods

Revenues from sales shall be recognized if it simultaneously meets the following five (5) conditions:

- (a) The Company has transferred the majority of risks and benefits associated with the right to own the products or goods to the buyer;
- (b) The Company no longer holds the right to manage the goods as the goods owner, or the right to control the goods;
- (c) Revenues from sales has been determined with relative certainty. When the contract states that the buyer is entitled to return the purchased products and goods under specific conditions, the Company can only recognize revenue when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer is not entitled to return the product ((except for return in the form of exchange for other goods or services);
- (d) The Company has gained or will gain economic benefits from the good sale transaction;
- (e) It is possible to determine the costs related to the goods sale transaction.

#### Property rental revenue

Property rental revenue is recognized on the principle of allocating the rental amount received in advance in accordance with the rental period

#### Revenues from rendering services

The revenue of transaction related to the provision of services is recorded when the result of the transaction can be measured reliably. In case that the services are to be provided in many accounting periods, the determination of sales in each period is done on the basis of the service completion rate as of the balance sheet date. The result of this transaction can be measured reliably when satisfy all four conditions:

- (a) Revenue can be measured reliably. When the contract stipulates that the buyer is entitled to return the purchased service under specific conditions, the Company is only recognized when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer is not entitled to return the provided service;
- (b) It is possible to obtain economic benefits from the service provision transaction;
- (c) The work volume finished on the date of making the accounting balance sheet can be determined;
- (d) The costs incurred from the service provision transaction and the costs of its completion can be determined.

#### Financial income

Income from interest, Distributed dividends and profit are determined on basic:

- Interest is recognized on an accrual basis, are determined on the balance of cash in bank and the actual interest rate for each period.



For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

- Distributed dividends and profit are recognized when the Company is entitled to receive dividends or profit from the capital contribution. Dividends received in shares only track the number of shares increases, no recognition of the value of shares received.

#### 4.20 Loan expenses

Loan expenses are loan interest and other costs incurred in direct relation to loans of an enterprise. Loan expenses are recognised as financial expense for the period except where Loan expenses directly related to the construction investment or production of uncompleted assets shall be accounted into the value of such assets (capitalized). The capitalization of loan expenses shall terminate when the major activities necessary to prepare the uncompleted asset for its intended use or sale are completed.

#### 4.21 Operating lease

An operating lease is a lease that the lessor still has most of rights and has to bear the risk relating to the ownership of the asset. Operating lease expense is recognized in the income statement that incurred during the lease term under the straight line method based on the lease term of the contract.

#### 4.22 Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax expenses for the year comprises only current income tax.

#### Current income tax

Current income tax is the tax amount is calculated on taxable income. Taxable income is different from accounting profit due to the adjustments of temporary differences between accounting and tax, non-deductible expenses as well as adjusted income are not taxed and losses be transferred.

Tax settlement of the Company will be assessed by the Tax Department. Due to the application of laws and regulations on taxes for different incurred transactions which can be explained in many different ways, tax payable presented in the financial statements can be immediately changed according to the decision of the tax authorities.

### 4.23 Segment reporting

A business segment is a distinguishable component that is engaged in providing a product or service and that has its own risks and returns which are different from those of other business segments.

A geographical segment a distinguishable component that is engaged in providing a product or services in a particular economic environment and that has its own risks and returns which are different from of segment operating in other economic environment.

#### 4.24 Financial instrument

#### Financial assets

The classification of financial assets depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. Financial assets of the Company include cash and cash equivalents, customer receivables and other receivables.

At the time of initial recognition, financial assets are determined at cost plus any costs directly transaction of such financial assets.

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### Financial liabilities

The classification of financial liabilities depends on the nature and purpose of the financial liabilities and is determined at the time of initial recognition. Financial liabilities of the Company include payable to suppliers, accrued expenses and other payables.

At the time of initial recognition, except for financial liabilities related to financial leasing and convertible bonds are recorded at cost allocation, other financial liabilities are determined at cost plus costs directly transaction of such financial liabilities.

Amortized cost is determined by the value of the initial recognition of financial liabilities minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization of interest calculated at the actual interest rate method of the difference between the value initially recognized and the maturity value, minus deductions (directly or through the use of a provision) by reducing the value or by irrevocable.

The real interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of one or a Company of financial liabilities and amortizing the interest income or interest expense in the relevant period. Real interest rate is the interest rate discounting the cash flows estimated to be paid or received in future during the expected lifetime of the financial instrument or a shorter, if necessary, return to the current book value net financial liabilities.

#### Owner's equity instruments

Owner's equity instruments are contracts that prove benefits remaining about asset of Company after deducting all of its obligation.

#### Offsetting of financial instruments

The financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented on the balance sheet, and if only:

- The Company has the legal right to offset the values were recognized, and
- It intends to pay on a net basis or recognized assets and paid liabilities at the same time.

# 4.25 Related parties

The parties are related if having the ability to control or significant influence across the decision making of financial policies and operations. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subjected to common control or common significant influences.

The following individuals/ companies are considered as related parties:

Individuals / Company	Location	Relationship
Vietnam Pharmaceutical Corporation Nipro Pharma Corporation An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited The Board of Directors, the Board of Supervisors, the General Director	Vietnam Japan Vietnam Vietnam	Shareholder Shareholder Other related party Other related party Key members

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

### 5.1 Cash and cash equivalents

oush and oush equivalence	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	01/01/2023 VND
Cash on hand Cash in bank	6,152,806,614	4,472,136,654
- VND	57,825,643,626	47,579,430,995
- USD (a	823,894,314	289,240,252
- EUR	a) 22,971,565	21,758,672
- JPY	5,234,712,991	4,649,040,263
Cash equivalents (	60,000,000,000	5,000,000,000
·	130,060,029,110	62,011,606,836

(\*) Detail of balance of cash in bank by foreign currency as at 31 December 2023, as follows:

	Foreign currency	Equivalent VND
Cash in bank - USD	34,216.60	823,894,314
- EUR	871.12 31,103,464.00	22,971,565 5,234,712,991
- JPY	31,103,464.00	5,234,712,99

(\*\*) Cash equivalents are deposits with a term of no more than 3 months deposited at commercial banks with interest rates according to each deposit contracts.

### 5.2 Financial investments

Financial investments of the Company include trading securities, held-to-maturity investments and investments in other entitles. Information about financial investments of the Company is as follows:

#### 5.2.1 Trading securities

	31/12/2023			01/01/2023		
	Cost	Provision	Fair value	Cost F	Provision	Fair value
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
Stock						
Vidipha Central	4,070,000,000	-	7,020,000,000	4,070,000,000	- 6	5,750,000,000
Pharmaceutical						
JSC (*)	044 404 400		4 400 404 000	044 404 400		074 045 000
OPC	241,461,100	-	1,109,424,000	241,461,100	- 1	,271,215,000
Pharmaceutical JSC (*)						
Pharmaceutical	6,635,250,000	_	(**)	6,635,250,000		(**)
Packaging JSC	0,000,200,000		( )	0,000,200,000		( )
39	10,946,711,100	-		10,946,711,100	-	

- (\*) The fair value of trading securities is determined according to the closing prices on 29 December 2023 and 30 December 2022 of the Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange.
- (\*\*) As at 31 December 2023 and 01 January 2023, the Company has not determined the fair value of these investments to disclose in the Notes to the financial statements, because there is no listed price on the market and Vietnamese accounting standards, the Vietnamese enterprise accounting regime. There is currently no guidance on how to calculate fair value and use valuation techniques. The fair value of these investments may differ from the carrying amount.

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

# 5.2.2 Held-to-maturity investments

	31/12/	2023	01/01/	/2023		
	Cost	Carrying Cost		Cost		Carrying amount
	VND	VND	VND	VND		
Short-term						
Term deposit	45,000,000,000	45,000,000,000	60,000,000,000	60,000,000,000		
·	45,000,000,000	45,000,000,000	60,000,000,000	60,000,000,000		

They are deposits with a term of 6 months deposited at commercial banks with interest rates according to each deposit contracts.

#### 5.2.3 Investments in other entities

	31/12/2023			01/	01/2023	
	<b>Cost</b> VND	<b>Provision</b> VND	Fair value VND	<b>Cost</b> VND	<b>Provision</b> VND	Fair value VND
An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company (a)	18,518,960,000	-	(*)	18,518,960,000	-	(*)
Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited (b)	5,550,000,000	,-	(*)	5,550,000,000	-	(*)
	24,068,960,000	-		24,068,960,000	·	Andi-mi-

- (a) This is an investment into An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company with an ownership and voting rate of 18.34% on the charter capital of this company. An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company was established in Vietnam, operating under Business Registration Certificate No. 0302774433 dated 25 November 2002, the 18<sup>th</sup> amendment certificate dated 05 July 2022 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City. An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company's charter capital is VND 134,400,000,000. This company's principal activities are the operations of hospitals and clinics.
- (b) This is an investment into Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited Company with an ownership and voting rate of 15% on the charter capital of this company. Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited was established in Vietnam, operating under Business Registration Certificate No. 0312680625 dated 10 March 2014 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City. Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited's charter capital is VND 37,000,000,000. This company's principal activities are short-term accommodation, restaurants, and mobile catering services.
- (\*) As at 31 December 2023 and 01 January 2023, the Company has not determined the fair value of these investments to disclose in the Notes to the financial statements, because there is no listed price on the market and Vietnamese accounting standards, the Vietnamese enterprise accounting regime. There is currently no guidance on how to calculate fair value and use valuation techniques. The fair value of these investments may differ from the carrying amount.

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

F 2	Chart town	- accounts	receivables
5.3	Short-terr	n accounts	receivables

	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	<b>01/01/2023</b> VND
Trade receivables – related parties An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited Nipro Pharma Corporation	210,985,793 - 6,419,651,525	2,514,420,519 871,200,000 6,336,214,286
Trade receivables – other parties Customers at Mekophar Hanoi Branch Customers at Mekophar Can Tho Branch Neros Pharmaceuticals Ltd. Danson-Bg Eood Other customers	11,641,001,248 2,802,017,163 - 41,338,261,232 62,411,916,961	12,473,840,317 4,837,539,621 31,720,275,160 2,222,205,955 51,729,590,583 112,705,286,441

As at 31 December 2023, balance of receivables denominated in foreign currencies is:

		Foreign currency	Equivalent VND
Nipro Pharma Corporation	JPY	38,144,097.00	6,419,651,525

The Parent Company has mortgaged the right of receivable collection for short-term bank loans (see Notes 5.17).

### 5.4 Short-term advances to suppliers

	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	<b>01/01/2023</b> VND
Advances to related parties Vietnam Pharmaceutical Corporation	335,160,000	399,000,000
Advances to other suppliers Kim Linh Phat Corporation Joint Stock Company Dai Viet Investment Development Construction	1,064,250,000	1,064,250,000 957,000,000
Joint Stock Company Jenn Chiang Machinery Co.	-	1,468,331,600
Sky Softgel Co., Ltd.	8=	3,212,219,880
Nectar Lifesciences Ltd.	<b>2</b> ≡	1,422,900,000
Other suppliers	1,402,114,930	2,730,085,980
	2,801,524,930	11,253,787,460

# 5.5 Other short-term receivables

	31/12/2023		01/01/2023	
	Amount VND	<b>Provision</b> VND	<b>Amount</b> VND	<b>Provision</b> VND
Receivables - other individ	ual, organizations			
Deposit interest	736,712,328	=	## 10 10 10 10 10	-
Remuneration for non-	408,000,000		408,000,000	-
management members of the Board of Directors				
Insurance and trade union receivables	421,240,883	-	417,581,283	4
Arbitration fee	-	-	398,174,000	-
Other receivables	26,218,400	-	16,056,700	-
	1,592,171,611	-	1,239,811,983	



For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 5.6 Bad debts

	31/12/2023			01/01/2023		
	Cost	Recoverable amount	Provision	Cost	Recoverable amount	Provision
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
Trade receivables						
Neros Pharmaceuticals Ltd.	*	Œ	-	31,720,275,160	~	(31,720,275,160)
Tan Tao Industrial Zone Branch (Zuellig)	9,385,514,766	5,631,308,860	(3,754,205,906)	9,385,514,766	6,611,973,132	(2,773,541,634)
Other customers	66,938,930	12	(66,938,930)	66,938,930	-	(66,938,930)
Advances to suppliers						
Other suppliers	74,991,797	617,829	(74,373,968)	74,991,797	74,991,797	-
nece i	9,527,445,493	5,631,926,689	(3,895,518,804)	41,247,720,653	6,686,964,929	(34,560,755,724)

### 5.7 Inventories

mvemories	31/12/2023		01/01/	2023
8	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Raw materials	437,644,106,980	-	488,324,229,404	
Tools	2,537,623,850	7:	2,973,223,191	=
Work-in-process	51,745,847,212		55,200,011,755	_
Finished goods	101,472,038,792	(19,109,206,649)	99,832,445,114	(7,875,519,436)
Goods			807,952	=
	593,399,616,834	(19,109,206,649)	646,330,717,416	(7,875,519,436)

The Company has mortgaged its inventories for short-term bank loans (see Notes 5.17).

Movements of provision in year are as follows:

	2023	2022
	VND	VND
Opening balance	(7,875,519,436)	=
Provision in year	(11,233,687,213)	(7,875,519,436)
Ending balance	(19,109,206,649)	(7,875,519,436)

# 5.8 Short-term, long-term prepaid expenses

### 5.8.1 Short-term prepaid expenses

<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	01/01/2023 VND
564,106,442	1,187,255,059
1,542,440,174	711,758,498
152,412,752	187,669,734
310,739,522	285.922.251
72,000,000	72,000,000
264,462,368	699,426,862
2,906,161,258	2,858,110,153
	VND 564,106,442 1,542,440,174 152,412,752 310,739,522 72,000,000 264,462,368

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

J.U.Z LUTIG CETTI Propula expenses	5.8.2	Long-term	prepaid	expenses
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Long tom propula expenses	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	01/01/2023 VND
Major repair of fixed assets, machinery spare parts	7,771,926,981	2,912,243,546
Calibration and maintenance expenses	360,000,003	=
Tools and equipment expenses	116,685,648	454,519,648
Installation expenses		352,698,921
Other prepaid expenses	186,896,499	-
	8,435,509,131	3,719,462,115

### 5.9 Increase, decrease of tangible fixed assets

	Building and	Machinery and	Transportation	Office	Total
	<b>structure</b> VND	<b>equipment</b> VND	VND	<b>equipment</b> VND	VND
HISTORICAL C	OST				
At 01/01/2023	560,772,958,611	394,368,601,424	16,275,017,019	58,027,840,760	1,029,444,417,814
Purchase in	160,000,000	13,288,768,268		3,900,680,000	17,349,448,268
year	•				
Liquidation	-	(875,299,808)	_	(75,000,000)	(950,299,808)
At 31/12/2023	560,932,958,611	406,782,069,884	16,275,017,019	61,853,520,760	1,045,843,566,274
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION					
At 01/01/2023	81,780,372,714	178,087,603,371	13,752,207,408	50,671,306,754	324,291,490,247
Depreciation in	14,591,094,346	30,195,099,089	753,594,796	2,254,860,389	47,794,648,620
year	(51)		T. (45)	70 (5 (5)	
Liquidation	-	(875,299,808)	21	(75,000,000)	(950, 299, 808)
At 31/12/2023	96,371,467,060	207,407,402,652	14,505,802,204	52,851,167,143	371,135,839,059
<b>NET BOOK VA</b>	LUE				
At 01/01/2023	478,992,585,897	216,280,998,053	2,522,809,611	7,356,534,006	705,152,927,567
At 31/12/2023	464,561,491,551	199,374,667,232	1,769,214,815	9,002,353,617	674,707,727,215

The historical cost of fully depreciated tangible fixed assets but still in use as at 31 December 2023 are VND 186,585,616,481 (as at 31 December 2022: VND 164,322,244,642).

# 5.10 Increase, decrease of intangible fixed assets

	Land use right	Copyright, computer software	Total
	VND	VND	VND
HISTORICAL COST			
At 01/01/2023	7,438,152,000	6,069,101,139	13,507,253,139
Increase in year	( <del>=</del>	-	-
At 31/12/2023	7,438,152,000	6,069,101,139	13,507,253,139
ACCUMULATED DEPRE	CIATION		
At 01/01/2023	3=-	5,044,542,177	5,044,542,177
Depreciation in year	T.	701.931.663	701.931.663
At 31/12/2023	-	5.746.473.840	5.746.473.840
NET BOOK VALUE			
As at 01/01/2023	7,438,152,000	1,024,558,962	8,462,710,962
As at 31/12/2023	7,438,152,000	322.627.299	7.760.779.299

The historical cost of fully depreciated tangible fixed assets but still in use as at 31 December 2023 are VND 3,303,724,139 (as at 31 December 2022: VND 2,708,299,139).

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

# 5.11 Construction in progress

	<b>01/01/2023</b> VND	Increase in year VND	Decrease in year VND	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND
Pelletizing machine Blister press	2,209,557 25,048,757	6,531,567 -	(8,741,124) (25,048,757)	-
machine Packing machine		16,795,457	(16,795,457) ( <b>50,585,338</b> )	
	27,258,314	23,327,024	(50,565,556)	

	The second second second second			
5.12	Irado	accounts	na	Iahla
J. 12	Haue	accounts	Du	y unic

one made and pay	31/12/2023		01/01/2	01/01/2023		
	Amount	Payment capability	Amount	Payment capability		
	VND	VND	VND	VND		
Payables – related parties						
Nipro Pharma Corporation	675,539,464	675,539,464	=	7		
Payables – other parties				STREET, WAS CORNERS OF THE BOTH OF THE TOP AND A TOP A TOP AND A TOP A TOP AND A TOP A TOP A TOP A TOP A TOP A TOP A		
KHS Synchemial Corp.	2,954,820,000	2,954,820,000	18,580,590,000	18,580,590,000		
Hiep Luc Pharmaceutical	400,327,200	400,327,200	3,203,739,000	3,203,739,000		
Joint Stock Company						
Suheung Vietnam Company	2,513,376,000	2,513,376,000	6,271,128,000	6,271,128,000		
Limited	8 20 0					
Other suppliers	20,546,932,695	20,546,932,695	49,532,067,740	49,532,067,740		
The contract of the second of	27,090,995,359	27,090,995,359	77,587,524,740	77,587,524,740		

As at 31 December 2023, the balance of accounts payable denominated in foreign currency is:

			Foreign currency	Equivalent VND
	KHS Synchemial Corp. Other foreign suppliers	USD USD	121,000.00 23,154.00	2,954,820,000 565,420,680
5.13	Short-term advance from customers  Advances from other customers		<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	01/01/2023 VND
	T.N.T Pharmaceutical and Medical Equipment Joint Stock Company	t	18,616,700,492	21,728,048,605
	Stem cell bank Saba Trade Ltd. Other customers		14,829,525,790 - 7,640,020,990	10,018,116,401 7,865,000 2,524,016,776
	Other customers		41,086,247,272	34,278,046,782

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

### 5.14 Taxes and (receivables), payables to State budget

	01/01/2	023	Transaction in year		31/12/2023	
	Payables			Paid/		
	VND	Receivables VND	<b>Payables</b> VND	<b>Deductibles</b> VND	<b>Payables</b> VND	
VAT on domestic goods	-	-	46,426,442,307	(44,757,184,284)	1,669,258,023	
VAT on import goods	618,307,495	(618,307,495)	13,918,712,500	(13,918,712,500)	=	
Import tax	~	(45,041,840)	2,859,908,964	(2,814,867,124)	-	
Corporate income tax	17,396,419,214	100 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	18,200,204,005	(29,906,615,134)	5,690,008,085	
Personal income tax	-	-	4,010,173,446	(4,010,173,446)	-	
Housing tax, land rental	-	% <u>#</u>	25,894,649,073	(25,894,649,073)	-	
Other taxes	_	_	15,500,000	(15,500,000)	-	
r	18,014,726,709	(663,349,335)	111,325,590,295	(121,317,701,561)	7,359,266,108	

#### Value-added tax

The Company declares value-added tax by deduction method. VAT rates for domestic goods are non-taxable, 5%, 8% and 10%.

### Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax ("CIT") payable in year is estimated as follows:

	<b>2023</b> VND	<b>2022</b> VND
Accounting profit before tax Adjusted in accounting profit to determine	43,314,331,519	64,787,343,955
taxable profit:		
Increase adjustments	59,612,753,318	56,992,044,965
Decrease adjustments	(4,899,886)	(63,435,348)
Assessable income	102,922,184,951	121,715,953,572
Non-taxable income	(19,472,144,527)	(6,233,857,500)
Taxable income	83,450,040,424	115,482,096,072
CIT rate	20%	20%
CIT payable	16,690,008,085	23,096,419,214
Adjustment of CIT from previous years	1,510,195,920	
Current CIT expenses	18,200,204,005	23,096,419,214

The Parent Company and subsidiary are obliged to pay tax at the normal rate of 20% of taxable income.

### Other taxes

The Company declares and pays other taxes in accordance to current regulations.

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

5.15	Short-term accrued expenses	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	<b>01/01/2023</b> VND
	Renting land expenses in the hi-tech park Expenses of security and cleaning services Electricity expenses Security service expenses Other accrued expenses	6,164,522,721 226,243,911 92,339,431 6,483,106,063	4,889,104,227 338,318,182 172,256,734 64,000,000 
5.16	Other short-term payables	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	<b>01/01/2023</b> VND
	Other payables - other individual, organization Trade union, social insurance, Party fees Happy House Investment Joint Stock Company (a) Med Tech An An Joint Stock Company (b) Soviet Union Antibiotic Corporate income tax (Factory 24) The Board of Directors remuneration Other payables	149,776,280 10,000,000,000 - 118,181,818 91,299,513 344,555,555 496,813,247	149,311,040 10,000,000,000 17,765,000,000 118,181,818 91,299,513 344,555,555 454,813,247
		11,200,626,413	28,923,161,173

- (a) Payment according to the progress of cooperation with Happy House Company to implement a social housing project under the Investment Cooperation Contract No. 01/2018/HDHT dated 08 August 2018.
- (b) Payment received from An An Med Tech Joint Stock Company (AAMT Group) through Mekophar's MB bank account, according to credit notes dated 15 November 2021, 24 November 2021, 25 November 2021 with the description "AAMT Group transfers payment to OPTIMUS". According to the Decision of the Ho Chi Minh City People's Court No. 1212/2023/QD-PQTT dated 19 July 2023, the Company has handled the debt and related arbitration fees according to the Decision of the General Director of the Company.

#### 5.17 Short-term loans and finance lease liabilities

	31/12/2023		01/01/2	023		
	<b>Amount</b> VND	Payment capability VND	<b>Amount</b> VND	Payment capability VND		
Short-term loans and finance leadilabilities - other individual, orga				0.040.040.000		
Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam – Saigon Branch (*)	_	-	8,010,240,000	8,010,240,000		
	- 1	-	8,010,240,000	8,010,240,000		

(\*) Short-term loan of Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam – Saigon Branch under Credit Agreement No. 0259/SGB.KHDN/LD22 dated 29 August 2022. The loan limit is VND 51,000,000,000. Purpose of the loan is to supplement working capital for production and business activities, except for investing in fixed assets. The loan term for each debt is up to 06 months from the next day of loan disbursement for each loan covenant. The loan interest rate is determined at the time of loan disbursement according to the bank's loan interest rate notice recorded on each loan covenant.

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### The loan is secured by:

5

- The Company's inventories according to Inventory mortgage contract No. 0117/SGN.KHDN/TC21 dated 30 July 2021 signed between the bank and the Company.
- The Company's right of receivable collection and/or property right arising from trading contracts according to Property right mortgage contract No. 0118/SGN.KHDN/TC21 dated 30 July 2021 signed between the bank and the Company.

Details of arising short-term loans and finance lease liabilities in the year are as follows:

	<b>01/01/2023</b> VND	Increase in year VND	Paid in year VND	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND
Short-term bank loans	8,010,240,000 8,010,240,000	14,880,600,000 14,880,600,000	(22,890,840,000) (22,890,840,000)	-
5.18 Bonus and welfa			Patri Communication Communicat	24/42/2022

	01/01/2023 VND	Increase in year VND	<b>Paid in year</b> VND	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND
Bonus fund	2,208,835,210	3,096,219,355	(2,593,000,000)	2,712,054,565
Welfare fund	5,837,630,673	3,096,219,356	(470,102,693)	8,463,747,336
	8,046,465,883	6,192,438,711	(3,063,102,693)	11,175,801,901

5.19	Long-term unrealized revenue	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	01/01/2023 VND
	MekoStem unrealized revenue Finished goods unrealized revenue	165,483,041,410	152,750,724,956 209,740,954
	r microa goodo amedinada revenue	165.483.041.410	152.960.465.910

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

# 5.20 Owner's equity

### 5.20.1 Owner's equity movements

	Owners' invested	Capital surplus	Treasury shares	Investment and development funds	Retained earnings	Total
	<b>capital</b> VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
As at 01/01/2022 Profit in year Deduction for Investment and	255,458,670,000 - -	409,789,114,458	(14,487,151,158) - -	573,322,804,351 - 1,236,223,494	24,969,041,387 41,690,924,741 (1,236,223,494)	1,249,052,479,038 41,690,924,741
development fund Deduction for Bonus and welfare funds	-	-	-	=	(2,472,446,988)	(2,472,446,988)
Dividends distribution Remuneration for the Board of	=	-	- 	-	(20,214,576,800) (408,000,000)	(20,214,576,800) (408,000,000)
Directors As at 31/12/2022	255,458,670,000	409,789,114,458	(14,487,151,158)	574,559,027,845	42,328,718,846	1,267,648,379,991
As at 01/01/2023 Profit in year Deduction for Investment and	255,458,670,000 - -	409,789,114,458 - -	(14,487,151,158) - -	574,559,027,845 - 2,064,146,237	42,328,718,846 25,114,127,514 (2,064,146,237)	1,267,648,379,991 25,114,127,514
development fund Deduction for Bonus and welfare funds	, -	*	-	-	(6,192,438,711)	(6,192,438,711)
Dividends distribution Remuneration for the Board of	-	; <del>-</del>	-	-	(25,268,221,000) (408,000,000)	(25,268,221,000) (408,000,000)
Directors <b>As at 31/12/2023</b>	255,458,670,000	409,789,114,458	(14,487,151,158)	576,623,174,082	33,510,040,412	1,260,893,847,794



For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 5.20.2 Detail of owner's invested equity

According to the Company's the Business Registration Certificate (amended), Charter capital of the Company is VND 255,458,670,000. As at 31 December 2023, the Company's charter capital was fully contributed as follows:

	31/12/2023				01/01/2023		
-	Shares	<b>Value</b> VND	Rate %	Shares	<b>Value</b> VND	Rate %	
Vietnam Pharmaceutical Corporation	4,657,435	46,574,350,000	18.23	4,657,435	46,574,350,000	18.23	
Nipro Pharma Corporation	3.913.140	39,131,400,000	15.32	3,913,140	39,131,400,000	15.32	
Other shareholders		169,752,920,000	66.45	16,975,292	169,752,920,000	66.45	
•	25,545,867	255,458,670,000	100.00	25,545,867	255,458,670,000	100.00	

5.20.3	Shares	<b>31/12/2023</b> Share	01/01/2023 Share
	Number of issued registered shares Number of shares sold to the public Common shares	25,545,867 25,545,867 <i>25,545,867</i>	25,545,867 25,545,867 25,545,867
	Preferred shares Number of repurchased shares	277,646	277,646
	Common shares Preferred shares	277,646	277,646
	Number of shares in circulation  Common shares  Preferred shares	25,268,221 25,268,221	25,268,221 25,268,221

Par value of shares in circulation: VND 10,000/ share.

### 5.20.4 Profit distribution

In the year, the Parent Company distributed dividends according to the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 25/NQ-HDQT dated 27 April 2023 with the value of 10% par value.

In addition, the Parent Company distributed profit of 2022 according to the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 25/NQ-HĐQT dated 27 April 2023 as follows:

VND

- Deduct 8% from retained earnings of 2022 for Investment and : 2,064,146,237 development fund

- Deduct 16% from retained earnings of 2022 for Bonus and welfare funds : 6,192,438,711

### 5.21 Off-consolidated balance sheet items

Foreign currency	31/12/2023 Foreign currency	01/01/2023 Foreign currency
US Dollar (USD)	34,216.60	12,364.26
Euro (EUR)	871.12	880.26
Japan Yen (JPY)	31,103,464.00	26,434,527.00

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

6.1

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

# 6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS SHOWN IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

# 6.1 Revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services

1.1	Net revenues		
		2023	2022
		VND	VND
		007 004 700 005	4 022 000 400 704
	Revenue from sale of finished goods	827,321,793,695	1,033,809,480,704
	Revenue from sale of goods	27,815,236	83,837,215,364
	Revenue from stem cell bank service	64,878,725,696	59,432,120,987
	Revenue from sale of materials, other	2,746,408,809	3,375,496,066
	Revenue from rental	9,864,000,000	12,787,999,999
	Deduction:		
	Sales rebates	_	(106,321)
	Returned goods	(92,171,392)	(1,096,523,433)
	Net revenues	904,746,572,044	1,192,145,683,366

# 6.1.2 Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services to related parties

Transactions of sales of goods and rendering of services to related parties are as follows:

	<b>2023</b> VND	<b>2022</b> VND
Nipro Pharma Corporation An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company Orchids Trading Service Travel Company Limited	12,900,425,958 10,963,304,290 1,584,000,000 <b>25,447,730,248</b>	22,221,171,469 11,812,881,128 3,168,000,000 37,202,052,597
6.2 Cost of sales		
	2023	2022
	VND	VND
Cost of finished goods sold	602,967,665,181	732,690,822,667
Cost of goods sold	26,413,616	83,711,893,274
Cost of stem cell bank service	22,591,330,592	19,017,683,520
Cost of materials sold, rendering of services	549,804,769	98,421,397
Provision for devaluation of inventories	11,233,687,213	7,875,519,436
	637,368,901,371	843,394,340,294
6.3 Financial income	2023	2022
	VND	VND
	VND	VIVD
Interest from deposit	4,621,409,496	7,662,915,070
Dividends, distributed profit	19,472,144,527	6,233,857,500
Foreign exchange gain	450,736,649	2,228,025,063
Foreign exchange gain due to the revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign	339,713,402	1,373,941,375
currencies	6,655	<u> </u>
Other financial income	24,884,010,729	17,498,739,008
	24,004,010,125	11,400,100,000

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

6.4	Financial expenses		
	G 3515666763700 88.46 8155 8 1	2023	2022
		VND	VND
	Loans interest expense	500,875,192	3,698,359,418
	Foreign exchange loss	4,367,514,653	14,008,683,887
	Foreign exchange loss due to the revaluation of	-	186,170,312
	monetary items denominated in foreign		AND AN AND A SECURE AND AN
	currencies		
		4,868,389,845	17,893,213,617
6.5	Selling expenses		
		2023	2022
		VND	VND
	Labor expenses	30,894,328,123	28,819,467,338
	Depreciation expenses	594,732,152	533,715,290
	Service expense	25,757,538,242	32,720,149,585
	Marketing expenses	43,021,569,180	77,958,713,188
	Transportation expenses	8,032,055,174	11,152,603,034
	Other selling expenses	291,494,720	259,551,840
		108,591,717,591	151,444,200,275
6.6	General and administration expenses		
		2023	2022
		VND	VND
	Labor expenses	50,661,016,885	55,529,394,625
	Tools and equipment expenses	9,416,183,079	7,378,500,342
	Depreciation expenses	12,577,564,138	12,462,210,095
	Tax and fees	27,582,692,862	20,675,820,136
	Provision expenses	1,055,038,240	5,912,628,359
	Land rent expenses	1,275,418,494	1,275,418,494
	Electricity expenses	6,117,355,769	6,693,567,318
	Service expenses	11,876,735,420	13,453,166,400
	Other general and administration expenses	31,178,431,051	6,793,029,142
		151,740,435,938	130,173,734,911
6.7	Other incomes		
		2023	2022
		VND	VND
	Gain from disposal of fixed assets	17,500,000	356,842,592
	Income from stock count	993,722,845	4,789,860
	Income from debt handle	17,765,000,000	=
	Donated materials	11,002,729	126,740,245
	Other incomes	10,000,422	-
		18,797,225,996	488,372,697
6.8	Other expenses		
	*	2023	2022
		VND	VND
	Expenses from stock count	93,002,703	-
	Administrative fines, arrears amount	2,040,516,905	-
	Debt handle expenses	398,174,000	
	Penalties for breach of purchasing contract		2,265,920,000
	Other expenses	12,338,897	174,042,019
		2,544,032,505	2,439,962,019

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 6.9 Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share attributable to shareholders holding common shares of the Parent Company are made on the basis of the following data:

		2023	2022
Profit for the year attributable to shareholders holding common shares of the Parent Company	VND	25,114,127,514	41,690,924,741
Deduction: bonus and welfare funds	VND		(6,192,438,711)
Profit to calculate EPS	VND	25,114,127,514	35,498,486,030
Outstanding common shares on average during the year	share	25,268,221	25,268,221
Earnings per share	VND/share	994	1,405

(\*) In the year, the Parent Company distributed the bonus and welfare fund from 2022 profit after tax with VND 6,192,438,711 VND. Therefore, the profit for calculating Basic Earnings per share also decreases by a corresponding amount. This adjustment causes 2022 Basic Earnings per Share to decrease from 1,650 VND/share to 1,405 VND/share.

Otherwise, the Parent Company has not planned to deduct the bonus and welfare fund on the profit after tax at the time of preparing the financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023.

#### 6.10 Production and business costs by element

Repayment of borrowings from loan agreement

	<b>2023</b> VND	<b>2022</b> VND
Raw materials expenses	527,317,788,483	699,617,276,471
Labor expenses	134,618,607,688	141,027,119,375
Depreciation expenses	48,496,580,283	48,051,890,395
External service expenses	71,660,113,460	77,244,999,194
Other expenses	110,375,530,985	127,240,254,257
growth-sales glob Libro Cas y N	892,468,620,899	1,093,181,539,692

# 7. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS SHOWN IN THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

# 7.1 Proceeds from borrowings

7.1	Proceeds from borrowings	<b>2023</b> VND	<b>2022</b> VND
	Proceeds from borrowings from loan agreement	14,880,600,000	161,936,667,600
7.2	Repayment of borrowings	<b>2023</b> VND	<b>2022</b> VND

22,890,840,000



227,499,627,600

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### Trade receivables

The Company regularly monitors the receivables, which is not yet collected. For big customers, the Company considered the decline in the credit quality of each customer at the reporting date. The Company seeks the way to remained the tight control of the receivables and arranging credit control staff to minimize credit risk. On this basis and the trade receivables of the Company related to many different customers, credit risk is not significantly concentrated in a certain customer.

#### Cash in bank

The Company mainly maintains deposit balances at banks, which is well known in Vietnam. Credit risk of the deposit balances at banks is managed by the treasury department of the Company under the policies of the Company. The maximum credit risk of the Company for the items on the balance sheet at the end of the financial year is the value book as presented in Note 5.1. The Company found that the level of concentration of credit risk on bank deposits is low.

#### iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in implementing their financial obligations due to lack of funds. Liquidity risk of the Company mainly arising from financial assets and financial liabilities with maturity mismatches.

The Company minimizes the liquidity risk by maintaining an amount of cash and cash equivalents and bank loans at a level that the General Director supposes it is sufficient to meet the Company's operations and minimize the risks due to the volatility of cash flows.

The table below summarizes the maturity of the financial liabilities of the Company based on expected payments on undiscounted basic contracts:

	Less than 1	From 1 to 5	Total
	<b>year</b> VND	<b>years</b> VND	VND
As at 31 December 2023 Trade payables	27,090,995,359	_	27,090,995,359
Accrued expenses	6,483,106,063	-	6,483,106,063
Other payables	11,050,850,133	_	11,050,850,133
	44,624,951,555		44,624,951,555
As at 01 January 2023			
Trade payables	77,587,524,740	-	77,587,524,740
Accrued expenses	5,463,679,143	-	5,463,679,143
Other payables	28,773,850,133	-	28,773,850,133
Loans and finance liabilities	8,010,240,000		8,010,240,000
The Table State of the state and a size inventor area to the control of the State o	119,835,294,016		119,835,294,016

The Company considered that the level of concentration risk to the repayment is low. The Company has sufficient access to the necessary capital.

#### Security Assets

The Company has pledged its trade accounts receivables, inventories for these loans (see Notes No. 5.3, 5.7).

The Company does not hold the security assets of third parties as at 31 December 2023.

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### iv. Fair value

# (1) Compare fair value and book value

The following table showing the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Company:

	Book	value	Fair va	
	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	01/01/2023 VND	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	01/01/2023 VND
Financial assets Held-to-maturity investments	45,000,000,000	60,000,000,000	45,000,000,000	60,000,000,000
Loans and Accounts				
Trade receivables	62,411,916,961	112,705,286,441	58,590,772,125	78,144,530,717
Other receivables	1,184,171,611	414,230,700	1,184,171,611	414,230,700
Financial assets ava	ilable for sale			
Short-term financial investments	10,946,711,100	10,946,711,100	10,946,711,100	10,946,711,100
Long-term financial investments	24,068,960,000	24,068,960,000	24,068,960,000	24,068,960,000
Cash and cash equivalents	130,060,029,110	62,011,606,836	130,060,029,110	62,011,606,836
to and Bergarian combined as security	273,671,788,782	270,146,795,077	269,429,403,063	235,586,039,353
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities are	e determined accor	ding to the distributi	on value	
Trade payables	27,090,995,359	77,587,524,740	27,090,995,359	77,587,524,740
Accrued expenses	6,483,106,063	5,463,679,143	6,483,106,063	5,463,679,143
Other payables	11,050,850,133	28,773,850,133	11,050,850,133	28,773,850,133
Loans and finance liabilities		8,010,240,000	×-	8,010,240,000
Maranin 7.4	44,624,951,555	119,835,294,016	44,624,951,555	119,835,294,016

- (\*) The Company has not revaluated its financial assets and financial liabilities at their fair values as at 31 December 2023 and 01 January 2023. However, the Board of General Directors believes that the fair value of these financial assets and liabilities is not significantly different from their carrying amounts as at the balance sheet date.
- (2) Basis of determining fair value

#### Accounts receivable and other receivables

The fair value of accounts receivables and other receivables, excluding accounts receivable and payable under the scheduled progress of construction contracts, is estimated based on the present value of cash flows future, discounted at market interest rates at the report date. The fair value of these instruments is determined only intended disclosures.

#### Non-derivative financial liabilities

Fair value, measured for disclosure purposes only, is calculated based on the present value of future cash flows to pay principal and interest, discounted at market rates at the balance sheet date.

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For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

### 9. OTHER INFORMATIONS

#### 9.1 Transactions and balances with related parties

The related parties with the Company include key members of management, the individuals involved with key members and other related parties.

# 9.1.1. Transactions and balances with key members, the individuals involved with key members

Remuneration paid to key managers during the year was as follow:

	2023	2022
	VND	VND
Salary and bonus		
Mr. Le Anh Phuong	1,614,952,658	1,182,545,398
Ms. Huynh Thi Lan	2,462,129,620	1,671,512,837
Ms. Dang Thi Kim Lan	1,523,600,279	1,078,394,149
Ms. Phan Thi Lan Huong	2,113,082,897	1,467,080,035
Mr. Satoshi Kawamura	144,000,000	129,600,000
Ms. Nguyen Thi Quynh Anh	922,292,615	765,616,674
Mr. Dinh Xuan Han	148,000,000	134,100,000
	8,928,058,069	6,428,849,093

# 9.1.2 Transactions and balances with other related parties

Significant transactions with related parties in year are as follows:

Related parties	Transaction	<b>2023</b> VND	<b>2022</b> VND
Nipro Pharma C	orporation		
	Purchase Sale of finished goods Buy raw materials Donated raw materials Support from supplier	12,900,425,958 2,032,596,292 9,030,896	616,172,700 23,371,203,735 3,425,700,140 37,541,505 71,878,740
An Sinh Hospita	I Joint Stock Company Sales and services rendered Dividend received	10,963,304,290 18,559,475,527	11,812,881,128 5,531,344,000
	Service Travel Company		
Limited	Sales and services rendered	1,584,000,000	3,168,000,000

As at 31 December 2023, the balance of accounts receivable/ payable with related parties is as follows:

Related parties	Transaction	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	<b>01/01/2023</b> VND
Nipro Pharma Corp	oration Trade receivables Trade payables	6,419,651,525 675,539,464	6,336,214,286

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Related part	es Transaction	<b>31/12/2023</b> VND	<b>01/01/2023</b> VND
An Sinh Hospital Joint Stock Company Trade receivables		210,985,793	2,514,420,519
	ading Service Travel Com	pany	
Limited	Trade receivables	-	871,200,000
Vietnam Pharmaceutical Corporation  Advances to suppliers		s 335,160,000	399,000,000

#### 9.2 Segment information

#### Segment information by operating activities

a. Segment income statement operating activities for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023:

Items	<b>Net revenue</b>	<b>Cost</b>	Gross profit
	VND	VND	VND
Finished goods Goods	827,229,622,303 27,815,236	614,201,352,394 26,413,616	213,028,269,909 1,401,620 42,287,395,104
Stem cell bank service	64,878,725,696	22,591,330,592	2,196,604,040
Materials	2,746,408,809	549,804,769	
Rental	9,864,000,000	637,368,901,371	9,864,000,000
Total	<b>904,746,572,044</b>		<b>267,377,670,673</b>

b. Segment income statement operating activities for the six-month period ended 31 December 2022:

Items	Net revenue VND	<b>Cost</b> VND	Gross profit VND
Finished goods	1,032,746,513,998	740,566,342,103	292,180,171,895
Goods	83,803,641,494	83,711,893,274	91,748,220
Stem cell bank service	59,432,120,987	19,017,683,520	40,414,437,467
Materials	3,375,406,888	98,421,397	3,276,985,491
Rental	12,787,999,999	-	12,787,999,999
Total	1,192,145,683,366	843,394,340,294	348,751,343,072

### Segment information by geographical area

The Company does not present segment information by geographical area, because all activities take place in the only geographical area, which is Vietnam.

For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

# 9.3 Events subsequent to the balance sheet date

There have been no significant events occurring after the balance sheet date (31 December 2023) to the date of this report, which would require adjustments or disclosures to be made in the consolidated financial statements.

LE THI THU HUONG Preparer PHAN ANH TAI Chief Accountant но Ситупн THI LAN General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, 25 March 2024

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