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MEKOPHAR CHEMICAL PHARMACEUTICAL JOINT-STOCK COMPANY

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

The Board of Management has the honor of submitting this report and the reviewed consolidated financial statements for the accounting period for the first 06 months of the year 2020.

1. Business highlights:

Establishment:

Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company, whose business code is 0302533156, operates under Business registration certificate No. 4103000833 dated February 08, 2002 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City, the nineteenth amendment on July 21, 2020 the chartered capital as VND 232,490,000,000 (the chartered capital as of June 30, 2020: VND 232,490,000,000).

Structure of ownership:

Joint Stock Company.

The Company's principal activities:

The Company's principal activities: Producing, trading medicine; Trading perfume; Trading cosmetics and other cleaning products; Trading medical tools; Maintaining and testing medicine; Retailing medicine; Producing packing used in pharmaceutical industry (plastic bottle, paper box, carton box); Producing technological food (except for producing and processing fresh food); Trading functional food; processing food; Producing cosmetics (not manufacturing chemicals, soap, and detergent at the head office); Trading real estates, leasing apartment, office; Trading garments; Producing bottled pure water; Trading beverages; Trading medical machinery and equipment; Trading other chemicals (except for chemicals used in agriculture); Trading plastics in primary form; Investment consultancy (except for accounting, finance, law); Consultancy on technology transfer; Commercial introduction and promotion; Acting as brokerage agent (except for real estates).

English name: Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company.

Short name: Mekophar.

Security code: MKP - Listed on UPCOM.

Head office: No. 297/5 Ly Thuong Kiet Str., Dist. 11, HCMC.

The Company's branches are located at:

Hanoi branch: B26-B28-TT17 Van Quan new residential - Yen Phuc, Phuc La Ward, Ha Dong District, Ha Noi City.

Nghe An branch: No. 79 Ho Huu Nhan, Vinh Tan Ward, Vinh City, Nghe An Province.

Da Nang branch: No. 410 Nguyen Tri Phuong, Hai Chau District, Da Nang City.

Can Tho branch: No. 17A Cach Mang Thang Tam Str., Binh Thuy Dist., Can Tho City.

2. Financial position and results of operation:

The Company's financial position and results of operation in the period are presented in the attached financial statements.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

3. Board of Management, Board of General Directors and Chief Accountant:

The Board of Management, Board of General Directors and Chief Accountant holding office in the period and at the reporting date include:

Board of Management:

Mr.	Le Anh Phuong	Chairman	Appointed on May 08, 2020
Ms.	Huynh Thi Lan	Chairman	Dismissed on May 08, 2020
Ms.	Huynh Thi Lan	Deputy Chairman	Appointed on May 08, 2020
Ms.	Dang Thi Kim Lan	Member	
Mr.	Le Anh Phuong	Member	Dismissed on May 08, 2020
Mr.	Satoshi Kamamura	Member	
Mr.	Dinh Xuan Han	Member	Appointed on April 24, 2020
Mr.	Nguyen Duc Thang	Member	Dismissed on April 24, 2020
Ms.	Nguyen Thi Quynh Anh	Member	
Ms.	Phan Thi Lan Huong	Member	
d of C.	manuicana		

Board of Supervisors:

Mr.	Nguyen Viet Luan	Chairman		
Mr.	Nguyen Ba Khoa	Member		
Mr.	Tran Trung Ngon	Member		
Board of General Directors and Chief Accountant:				

Ms.	Huynh Thi Lan	General Director
Ms.	Dang Thi Kim Lan	Deputy General Director
Mr.	Le Anh Phuong	Deputy General Director
Ms.	Phan Thi Lan Huong	Deputy General Director
Ms.	Le Thi Thuy Hang	Chief Accountant

Legal representatives of the Company in the period and to the reporting date are:

Ms. Huynh Thi Lan - Chairman and General Director is the legal representative of the Company.

4. Auditor

Auditing and Informatic Services Limited Company (AISC) has been appointed as an independent auditor for the accounting period ended June 30, 2020.

Statement of the Responsibility of the Board of Management and Board of General Directors in respect 5. of the Financial Statements

The Board of Management and Board of General Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at June 30, 2020 as well as its results of operation and cash flows for the accounting period ended. In order to prepare these consolidated financial statements, the Board of Management and Board of General Directors have considered and complied with the following matters:

- Selected the appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- Made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

- The consolidated financial statements of the Company are prepared on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

The Board of Management and Board of General Directors are responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept, which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and that the consoliated financial statements are prepared in compliance with the registered accounting policies stated in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements. The Board of Management and Board of General Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and thus taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

6. Approval of the Financial Statements

In the Board of Management's opinion, the consolidated financial statements consisting of Consolidated Balance Sheet as at June 30, 2020, Consolidated Income Statement, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements enclosed with this report give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Company as well as its consolidated operating results and consolidated cash flows for the accounting period ended at June 30, 2020.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in compliance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the Vietnamese Accounting System.



Le Anh Phuong, Eng. Chairman



CÔNG TY TNHH KIỂM TOÁN VÀ DỊCH VỤ TIN HỌC TP.HCM Auditing And Informatic Services Company Limited

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No.A0620215-SXHN/AISC-DN4 REVIEW REPORT ON INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION SHAREHOLERS, BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND BOARD OF GENERAL

<u>To:</u>

DIRECTORS

MEKOPHAR CHEMICAL PHARMACEUTICAL JOINT-STOCK COMPANY

We have reviewed the consolidated financial statements of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company consisting of Consolidated Balance Sheet as at June 30, 2020, Consolidated Income Statement, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the accounting period ended and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements as set out on Page 05 to Page 45, which were prepared on August 14, 2020.

Responsibility of the Board of General Directors

The Board of General Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Accounting System Corporate and prevailing regulations applicable to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements and also for the internal control that the Board of General Directors considers necessary for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Responsibility of Auditor

Our responsibility is to draw our conclusion on the interim consolidated financial statements. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Auditing Standard No. 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

A review on the interim financial information covers the interviews, mainly with those in charge of accounting and finance, and analysis and other review procedures. A review engagement is substantially less intensive in scope than an audit conducted in compliance with Vietnamese Auditing Standards, so we have no assurance that we will be aware of all material issues that may be discovered by an audit. We, therefore, do not express our opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements do not give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the consolidated financial position of **Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company** as at June 30, 2020 as well as the results of its consolidated operation and its consolidated cash flows for the 06 months period then ended are prepared in compliance with the prevailing Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System and other statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim consolidated financial statements.

HCMC, August 14, 2020 PP.GENERAL DIRECTOR DEPUTY GENERAL DIRECTOR CONG TY TNHH KIÉM TOÁN VÁ

DICH VU TIN HOD THANH PHO HO CHI MINH Duong Thi Phuong Anh Contractice Registration No. 0321-2018-005-1 Issued by the Ministry of Finance

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at June 30, 2020

ASSETS	Code	Notes	Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020
A. CURRENT ASSETS	100		616,939,458,355	640,141,412,270
I. Cash and Cash Equivalents	110	V.1	18,923,838,397	55,548,225,211
1. Cash	111		18,923,838,397	37,548,225,211
2. Cash equivalents	112		-	18,000,000,000
II. Short-term Financial Investment	120		165,946,711,100	90,946,711,100
1. Trading securiteis	121	V.2a	10,946,711,100	10,946,711,100
2. Provision for devaluation of trading securities	122		-	-
3. Held-to-maturity investments	123	V.2b	155,000,000,000	80,000,000,000
III. Short-term Accounts Receivable	130		130,411,340,937	162,457,215,111
1. Trade accounts receivable	131	V.3	132,297,916,462	157,196,637,992
2. Prepaymnets to suppliers	132	V.4	13,508,533,480	20,585,130,019
3. Intercompany receivables	133		-	-
4. Contruction contract-in-progress receivables	134		-	-
5. Receivables from short-term loans	135		-	-
6. Others receivables	136	V.5	885,974,223	956,530,328
7. Provision for doubtful debts	137	V.3	(16,281,083,228)	(16,281,083,228)
8. Shortage of assets awaiting resolution	139		-	-
IV. Inventories	140	V.6	292,082,840,484	249,418,833,666
1. Inventories	141		292,082,840,484	249,418,833,666
2. Provision for decline in value of inventories	149		-	-
V. Other Current Assets	150		9,574,727,437	81,770,427,182
1. Short-term prepayments	151	V.10a	3,938,967,848	3,513,740,151
2. Deductible VAT	152		3,967,975,292	77,836,663,277
3. Taxes and other receivables from the State Budget	153	V.13b	1,667,784,297	420,023,754
4. Repurchase and sale of Grovernment's bonds	154		-	-
5. Other current assets	155			

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at June 30, 2020

ASSETS	Code	Notes	Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020
B. LONG-TERM ASSETS	200		818,132,607,141	824,724,480,228
I. Long-term Assets	210		-	-
1. Long-term trade receivables	211		-	-
2. Long-term prepayments to suppliers	212		-	-
3. Working capital from sub-untis	213		-	-
4. Long-term intercompany receivables	214		-	-
5. Receivables from long-term loans	215		-	-
6. Other long-term receivables	216		-	-
7. Provision for doubtful long-term receivables	219		-	-
II. Fixed Assets	220		608,149,407,891	52,523,419,026
1. Tangible fixed assets	221	V.8	598,452,864,678	42,550,338,111
- Cost	222		821,717,925,825	250,955,743,325
- Accumulated depreciation	223		(223,265,061,147)	(208,405,405,214)
2. Finance lease assets	224		-	-
- Cost	225		-	-
- Accumulated depreciation	226		-	-
3. Intangible fixed assets	227	V.9	9,696,543,213	9,973,080,915
- Cost	228		12,911,828,139	12,911,828,139
- Accumulated amortization	229		(3,215,284,926)	(2,938,747,224)
III. Investment Properties	230		-	-
- Cost	231		-	-
- Accumulated depreciation	232		-	-
IV. Non-current assets	240	V.7	179,116,440,310	741,990,646,105
1. Works in progress	241		-	-
2. Capital contruction in progress	242		179,116,440,310	741,990,646,105
V. Long-term investments	250	V.2c	24,068,960,000	24,068,960,000
1. Investment in subsidiaries	251		-	-
2. Investment in associates, joint-ventures	252		-	-
3. Investment in equity of other entities	253		24,068,960,000	24,068,960,000
4. Provision for decline in the value of long-term				
investment	254		-	-
5. Held-to-maturity investments	255		-	-
VI. Other Long-term Assets	260		6,797,798,940	6,141,455,097
1. Long-term prepaid expenses	261	V.10b	6,797,798,940	6,141,455,097
2. Deferred income tax assets	262		-	-
3. Equiment, materials, spare parts	263		-	-
4. Other long-term assets	268		-	-
5. Goodwill	269		-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	270	=	1,435,072,065,496	1,464,865,892,498

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at June 30, 2020

	RESOURCES	Code	Notes	Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020
C.	LIABILITIES	300		189,647,741,257	201,195,757,171
I.	Current Liabilities	310		68,578,953,067	87,292,832,678
1.	Short-term trade payables	311	V.11	19,272,593,440	22,708,653,119
2.	Advances from customers	312	V.12	12,555,808,317	17,460,116,352
3.	Taxes and other payables to the State Budget	313	V.13a	1,142,503,698	2,305,638,296
4.	Payables to employees	314		7,541,159,323	9,958,847,370
5.	Short-term accrued expenses	315	V.17	-	5,500,000
6.	Short-term intercompany payables	316		-	-
7.	Contruction contract-in-progress paybales	317		-	-
8.	Short-term unrealized revenue	318		-	-
9.	Other short-term payables	319	V.15	17,718,674,767	17,641,229,039
10.	Short-term borrowings and financial lease liabilities	320		-	-
11.	Provision for short-term payables	321		-	-
12.	Bonus and welfare fund	322		10,348,213,522	17,212,848,502
13.	Price stabilization fund	323		-	-
14.	Repurchase and sale of Government's bonds	324		-	-
II.	Long-term Liabilities	330		121,068,788,190	113,902,924,493
1.	Long-term trade payables	331		-	-
2.	Long-term advances from customers	332		-	-
3.	Long-term accrued expenses	333		-	-
4.	Intercompany payables for operating capital				
	receivables	334		-	-
5.	Long-term intercompany payables	335		-	-
6.	Long-term unrealized revenue	336	V.14	101,378,202,286	92,067,236,408
7.	Other long-term payables	337		-	-
8.	Long-term borrowings and financial lease liabilities	338	V.16	19,690,585,904	21,835,688,085
9.	Convertible bond	339		-	-
10.	Preferred shares	340		-	-
11.	Deferred income tax liabilities	341		-	-
12.	Provision for long-term liabilities	342		-	-
13.	Fund for science and technology development	343		-	-

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at June 30, 2020

	RESOURCES	Code	Notes	Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020
D. O	WNER'S EQUITY	400		1,245,424,324,239	1,263,670,135,327
I. O	wner's Equity	410	V.18	1,245,424,324,239	1,263,670,135,327
1. C	Owner's equity	411		232,490,000,000	232,490,000,000
-	Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a		232,490,000,000	232,490,000,000
-	Preferred shares	411b		-	-
2. S	hare premium	412		409,789,114,458	409,789,114,458
3. B	Sond conversion option	413		-	-
4. C	Owner's other capital	414		-	-
5. T	reasury shares	415		(14,487,151,158)	(14,487,151,158)
6. D	Difference upon assets revaluation	416		-	-
7. F	oreign exchange differences	417		-	-
8. Iı	nvestment and development fund	418		570,571,691,667	546,407,678,417
9. F	und for support of arrangement of enterprises	419		-	-
10. C	Other funds	420		-	-
11. U	Indistributed earnings	421		47,060,669,272	89,470,493,610
-	Undistributed earnings accumulated to the end				
of	the previous year	421a		24,000,000,000	24,000,000,000
-	Undistributed earnings in this year	421b		23,060,669,272	65,470,493,610
12. In	nvestment reserve for basic construction	422		-	-
13. B	Benefits of non- control shareholder	429		-	-
II. Bu	udget Sources and Other Funds	430		-	-
1. B	Budget sources	431		-	-
2. F	und to from fixed assets	432	_	-	-

TOTAL RESOURCES

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

440

PREPARED BY

Le Thi Thu Huong

Le Thi Thuy Hang

CONG CENERAL DIRECTOR

1,435,072,065,496

MEKOPHAR

DR. Huynh Thi Lan, PharmD.

1,464,865,892,498

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

ITEMS	Code	Notes	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
1. Sales	01	VI.1	644,148,731,368	579,269,695,060
2. Less sales deductions	02	VI.2	694,735,551	498,698,160
3. Net sales	10	VI.3	643,453,995,817	578,770,996,900
4. Cost of sales	11	VI.4	509,088,257,003	446,749,044,621
5. Gross profit	20		134,365,738,814	132,021,952,279
(20 = 10 - 11)				
6. Financial income	21	VI.5	4,961,949,698	6,881,997,227
7. Financial expenses	22	VI.6	1,090,715,558	1,894,050,905
In which: Loans interest expenses	23		164,542,925	421,082,273
8. Gain/losses from Joint venture, associated				
Company	25		-	5,023,355,098
9. Selling expenses	25	VI.7a	40,775,915,739	37,061,185,430
10. General & administration expenses	26	VI.7b	65,966,018,712	58,424,333,357
11. Operating profit	30		31,495,038,503	46,547,734,912
(30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26))				
12. Other income	31	VI.8	508,698,460	1,541,324,234
13. Other expenses	32	VI.9	3,177,900,373	175,881,731
14. Other profit (40 = 31 - 32)	40		(2,669,201,913)	1,365,442,503
15. Net accounting profit before tax	50		28,825,836,590	47,913,177,415
(50 = 30 + 40)				
16. Corporate income tax - current	51	VI.11	5,765,167,318	8,638,355,681
17. Corporate income tax - deferred	52		-	-
18. Net profit after corporate income tax	60		23,060,669,272	39,274,821,734
(60 = 50 - 51 - 52)				
19. Earnings per share	70	VI.12	1,004	1,865
20. Diluted earnings per share	71	VI.12	1,004	1,865

PREPARED BY

Le Thi Thu Huong

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT NG Le Thi Thuy Hang

CONG GENERAL DIRECTOR CONG GENERAL DIRECTOR CO PHÂN HÚA - DƯỢC PHẨM MEKOPHAR THUYNH Thi Lan, PharmD.

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW

(Under indirect method)

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

ITEMS	Code	Notes	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
1. Net income before tax	01		28,825,836,590	47,913,177,415
2. Adjustments for:				
- Depreciation of fixed assets and investment properties	02	V.8&9	15,250,662,683	5,126,020,931
- Provision	03		-	3,468,281,111
- Gain/losses from foreign exchange differences upon revaluation of monetary assets denominated in foreign				
currencies	04		202,858,447	809,718,751
- Gain/losses from investing activities	05		(4,909,701,289)	(11,829,164,309)
- Interest expenses	06	VI.6	164,542,925	421,082,273
- Other adjustments	07		-	-
3. Profit from operating activities before changes in working capital	08		39,534,199,356	45,909,116,172
- Increase (-)/decrease (+) in receivables	09		104,516,603,319	(30,563,134,920)
 Increase (-)/decrease (+) in inventories 	10		(42,664,006,818)	(26,833,242,150)
- Increase (-)/decrease (+) in payables (Other than payables,			(,,,	(,,,,,,_,
income tax)	11		(2,352,508,103)	24,531,802,763
- Increase (-)/decrease (+) in prepaid	12		(1,081,571,540)	(289,848,519)
- Increase (-)/decrease (+) in trading securities	13		-	-
- Interest paid	14		(164,542,925)	(421,082,273)
- Corporate income tax paid	15	V.13	(5,995,068,304)	(16,224,629,863)
- Other receipts from operating activities	16		-	-
- Other payments on operating activities	17		(13,552,084,340)	(16,200,768,984)
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from operating activities	20		78,241,020,645	(20,091,787,774)
II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
1. Purchases of fixed assets and other long-term assets	21		(8,002,445,753)	(75,072,419,886)
2. Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets and other long-term	22	VI.9	36,363,636	28,181,818
3. Loans granted, purchases of debt instruments of other entities	s 23		(217,212,945,534)	(40,000,000,000)
4. Collection of loans, pruchase of debt instruments of other entities	24		142,212,945,534	-
5. Investments in other entities	25		-	-
6. Proceeds from divestment in other entities	26		-	-
7. Dividends and interest received	27	VI.5	4,873,337,653	617,627,393
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from investing activities	30	-	(78,092,744,464)	(114,426,610,675)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW

(Under indirect method)

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

ITEMS	Code	Notes	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES				
1. Proceeds from issue of shares and capital contribution	31		-	152,977,480,000
2. Payment for shares returns and repurchases	32		-	-
3. Proceeds from borrowings	33	VII.1	-	63,096,422,375
4. Repayments of borrowings	34	VII.2	(2,313,264,772)	(40,944,069,110)
5. Payment for finance lease liabilities	35		-	-
6. Dividends paid	36	V.18	(34,457,031,000)	(28,714,750,500)
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from financing activities	40		(36,770,295,772)	146,415,082,765
Net cash inflows/(outflows) $(50 = 20 + 30 + 40)$	50		(36,622,019,591)	11,896,684,316
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	60		55,548,225,211	66,383,393,486
Effect of foreign exchange differences	61		(2,367,223)	1,662,020
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period				
(70 = 50 + 60 + 61)	70	V.1	18,923,838,397	78,281,739,822
PREPARED BY CHIEF ACCO	UNTAN	T	0302533156 GENERAL I	

Le Thi Thu Huong

Le Thi Thuy Hang



For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

I. BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

1. Establishment

Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint-Stock Company, whose business code is 0302533156, operates under Business registration certificate No. 4103000833 dated February 08, 2002 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City, the nineteenth amendment on July 21, 2020 the chartered capital as VND 232,490,000,000 (the chartered capital as of June 30, 2020: VND 232,490,000,000).

English name: Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company.

Short-name: Mekophar.

Security code: MKP - Listed on UPCOM.

Head office: No. 297/5 Ly Thuong Kiet Str., Dist. 11, HCMC.

The Company's branches are located at:

Hanoi branch: B26-B28-TT17 Van Quan new residential - Yen Phuc, Phuc La Ward, Ha Dong District, Ha Noi City.

Nghe An branch: No. 79 Ho Huu Nhan, Vinh Tan Ward, Vinh City, Nghe An Province.

Da Nang branch: No. 410 Nguyen Tri Phuong, Hai Chau District, Da Nang City.

Can Tho branch: No. 17A Cach Mang Thang Tam Str., Binh Thuy Dist., Can Tho City.

Structure of ownership: Joint Stock Company.

2. Business sector: Production and trading.

3. Principal activities

The Company's principal activities: Producing, trading medicine; Trading perfume; Trading cosmetics and other cleaning products; Trading medical tools; Maintaining and testing medicine; Retailing medicine; Producing packing used in pharmaceutical industry (plastic bottle, paper box, carton box); Producing technological food (except for producing and processing fresh food); Trading functional food; processing food; Producing cosmetics (not manufacturing chemicals, soap, and detergent at the head office); Trading real estates, leasing apartment, office; Trading garments; Producing bottled pure water; Trading beverages; Trading medical machinery and equipment; Trading other chemicals (except for chemicals used in agriculture); Trading plastics in primary form; Investment consultancy (except for accounting, finance, law); Consultancy on technology transfer; Commercial introduction and promotion; Acting as brokerage agent (except for real estates).

4. Normal operating cycle

Normal operating cycle of the Company lasts 12 months of the normal fiscal year beginning from January 01 and ending on December 31.

5. Operations in the fiscal year affecting the financial statements: None.

6. Total employees to June 30, 2020: 739 persons. (December 31, 2019: 750 persons).

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

7. Enterprise Structure

7.1. List of subsidiaries

As at June 30, 2020 the Company has one (01) directly owned company as follows:

Company's name & address	Principal activities	Percentage of shareholding	Percentage of owning	Percentage of voting right
Mekophar Co., Ltd. Head office: Lot I-9-5, D2 Street, High-Tech Park, Long Thanh My Ward, District 9, HCMC.	Producing biological products, medicine, cosmetics, functioning food and original cell.	100%	100%	100%

7.2. List of affiliated unit having no legal status and dependent cost-accounting

Name of branches and address:

Hanoi branch: B26-B28-TT17 Van Quan new residential - Yen Phuc, Phuc La Ward, Ha Dong District, Ha Noi City.

Nghe An branch: No. 79 Ho Huu Nhan, Vinh Tan Ward, Vinh City, Nghe An Province.

Da Nang branch: No. 410 Nguyen Tri Phuong, Hai Chau District, Da Nang City.

Can Tho branch: No. 17A Cach Mang Thang Tam Str., Binh Thuy Dist., Can Tho City.

8. Disclosure on comparability of information in the Consolidated Financial Statements

The selection of figures and information need to be presented in the consolidated financial statements has been implemented on the principles of comparability among corresponding accounting periods.

II. ACCOUNTING PERIOD AND REPORTING CURRENCY

1. Fiscal year

The fiscal year is begun on January 01 and ended December 31 annually.

2. Reporting currency

Vietnam Dong (VND) is used as a currency unit for accounting records.

III. ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND POLICIES

1. Applicable Accounting System

The Company applies Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System issued by the Vietnam Ministry of Finance in accordance with the guidance of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014 replacing the corporate accounting system issued under Decision No. 15/2006/QĐ-BTC of the Minister of Finance dated March 20, 2006 and Circular No. 244/2009/TT-BTC dated December 31, 2009 of the Ministry of Finance.

The Company applied Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC ("Circular 202") issued by the Vietnam Ministry dated December 22, 2014 guiding the preparation and methods Consolidated Financial Statements. Circular 202 replaces the guide before in the part XIII of Circular No. 161/2007/TT-BTC dated December 31, 2007 of Minister of Finance.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

2. Disclosure of compliance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the Vietnamese Accounting System

We conducted our accounting, preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnames Accounting Standards and other relevant statutory regulations. The consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the results of its operations as well as it cash flows.

The selection of figures and information presented in the notes to the consolidated financial statements is complied with the material principles in Vietnamese Accounting Standard No.21 - Presantation of the financial statements.

IV. APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Accounting estimates

The preparing of consolidated financial statements complies with Vietnamese Accounting Standards. Vietnamese Accounting System and other regulations on accounting in Vietnam requires the Board of General Directors to give estimates and assumptions for the recording of the value of assets, liabilities and the presenting of contingent assets and liabilities at the reporting date as well as revenue and expenses.

2. Basis for preparing consolidated financial statements:

The consolidated financial statements comprise of the statements of Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries's Companies for the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020.

The financial statements of the subsidiary are consolidated from the purchase date when the Company starts control to the date it ceases the control.

The subsidiaries' financial statements are prepared for the same accounting period as Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company's under the accounting policies in consistency with Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company's. The adjustments for any different accounting policies are implemented to ensure the consistency between the Subsidiaries and Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company.

All inter - "Companies" balances and revenue, income, expenses incurred from transactions of "Companies", including inrealized gains incurred from inter "Companies" transactions in the assets' value are completely eliminated.

Unrealiazed loss incurred from intra-group transaction recorded in the assets' value are eliminated when the expenses resulting in the loss are unrecoverable.

Interest of uncontrolled shareholders presents the portion in gain or loss and net assets of the subsidiaries that are not held by the Company and presented separately in the consolidated Income Statement and from shareholders' equity of "Companies" in the owner's equity in the consolidated Balance Sheet.

Loss incurred in the subsidiary are allocated in the correspondence with the uncontrolled shareholders' portion of ownership, including the case where those losses are greater than the uncontrolled shareholders' portion of ownership int the subsidiary's net assets.

3. Foreign exchange rate applicable in accounting

The Company has translated foreign currencies into Vietnam Dong at the actual rate and book rate.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

Principles for determining the actual rate

All transactions denominated in foreign currencies which arise during the period (trading foreign currencies, capital contribution or receipt of contributed capital, recording receivables and payables, purchasing assets or costs immediately paid by foreign currencies) are converted at the actual exchange rates ruling as of the transaction dates.

Closing balance of monetary items (cash, cash equivalents, payables and receivables, except for prepayments to suppliers, prepayments from customers, pre-paid expenses, deposits and unearned revenue) denominated in foreign currencies should be revaluated at the actual rate ruling as of the balance sheet date.

- The actual exchange rates upon revaluation of monetary assets denominated in foreign currencies which have been classified as assets will be the buying rate of Vietcombank - Saigon Branch. The buying rate as at June 30, 2020: VND/USD 23,120; VND/EUR 25,615 for the monetary items at the Parent Company. The buying rate of Shinhan Bank Vietnam - HCM Branch as at June 30, 2020: VND/USD 23,080; VND/JYP 212,05 for the monetary items at the Subsidiary.

- The actual exchange rates upon revaluation of monetary assets denominated in foreign currencies which have been classified as payables will be the selling rate stated by Vietcombank - Saigon Branch. The exchange rate as at June 30, 2020: VND/USD 23,300; VND/EUR 26,652. The selling rate of Shinhan Bank Vietnam - HCM Branch as at June 30, 2020: VND/USD 23,275; JPY/VND 217,35 for the monetary items at the Subsidiary.

Foreign exchange differences, which arise from foreign currency transactions during the period, shall be included in the income statement. Foreign exchange differences due to the revaluation of ending balances of the monetary items in foreign currencies after offsetting their positive differences against negative differences shall be included in the income statement.

Principle for determining book rate

When recovering receivables, deposits or payments for payables in foreign currencies, the Company uses specific identification book rate.

When making payment by foreign currencies, the Company uses moving weighted average rate.

4. Principles for recording cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposit and cash in transit.

Cash equivalents comprise term deposits and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less, highly liquid, readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

5. Principles for accounting financial investments

Principles of accounting for trading securities

Trading securities include shares and bonds listed on the stock exchange; Other securities and financial instruments held for trading purposes (including securities with maturity over 12 months of purchase and sale for profit).

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Form B 09 - DN

Trading securities are recorded at cost, including: Purchase price plus (+) acquisition costs (if any), such as brokerage fees, transaction fees, information, taxes, fees and bank fees. The original cost of trading securities is determined at the fair value of the consideration at the time of the transaction. The timing of recognition of trading securities is the time when the investor has ownership rights, specifically as follows:

- Listed securities are recognized at the time of order matching (T + 0);

- Listed securities are recognized at the time of ownership in accordance with law.

Provision for diminution in value of trading securities is made for the amount of loss that may occur when there is firm evidence that the market value of the securities held by the Company for business purposes is impaired. Down from book value. Provision is made based on the market value of the securities at the time of the financial statements.

Principles for accounting held-to-maturity investments:

Held-to-maturity investments include term deposits and other held-to-maturity investments.

The held-to-maturity investments are initially recorded at the original cost including buying price and costs attributable to the acquisition of the investments. After initial recognition, if the provision for doubtful debts has not been made as statutorily required, these investments are revaluated at the recoverable value. When firm evidence shows that a portion or the whole investments may be unrecoverable, the loss will be recorded in financial expenses in the year and recorded in decrease of the investment's value.

Principles for recording financial investments in other enteties:

Equity investment in other entities represents the Company's investment in other entities' equity instruments. However, the Company does not hold any control or joint control right and exercise significant influences over the invester either.

The investments are stated at original cost including purchase price and costs directly attributable to the investment. In case of non-monetary assets investment, the investment fee should be recorded at the fair value of the non-monetary assets at the date of occurrence.

Regarding the investments the Company holds in a long time (not trading securities) and no significant influences are exercised on the investees, provision for loss will be made as follows:

+ If an investment in listed shares or the fair value of the investment is determined reliably, the allowance shall be made according to the market values of the shares.

+ If it is impossible to determine the investments' fair value at the reporting date, the provision will be made on the basis the loss that investee suffers. Basis for making provision for loss of investments is the investee's financial statements.

6. Principles for recording trade receivables and other receivables

Principle for recording receivables: At original cost less provision for doubtful debts.

The classifying of the receivables as trade receivables, inter-company receivables and other receivables depends on the nature of the transaction or relationship between the company and debtor.

Method of making provision for doubtful debts: Provision for doubtful debts is estimated for the loss value of the receivables, other held-to-maturity investments similar to doubtful debts that are overdue and undue, but are likely to become possibly irrecoverable due to insolvency of debtors who go bankrupcy, making procedures for dissolution, go missing or run away....

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

7. Principles for recording inventories

Principles adopted in recording inventory: Inventories are stated at original cost less (-) the provision for the decline in value of obsolete and deteriorated inventories.

Original costs are determined as follows:

- The original cost of materials, merchandises consists of costs of purchase, costs of transportation and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

- Finished goods: Costs of materials, direct labor and manufacturing overheads which are allocated on the basis of unit price of labor cost for each finished good.

- Work in progress: Costs of raw materials, labor and other directly costs for producing inventories incurred in the duration of building works in progress.

Method of calculating inventories' value: Weighted average method.

Method of accounting for the inventories: Perpetual method.

Method of making provision for decline in value of inventories: Provision for decline in value of inventories is made when the net realisable value of inventories is lower than their original cost. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. Provision for decline in value of inventories is the difference between the cost of inventories greater than their net realisable value. Provision for decline in value of inventories is made for each inventory with the cost greater than the net realisable value.

8. Principles for recording fixed assets

8.1 Principles for recording tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at original cost less accumulated depreciation. The initial cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises all expenditures of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. The expenditures incurred after the initial cost are capitalised as an additional cost of tangible fixed assets when they have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of those tangible fixed assets. The expenditures which do not meet the above conditions are charged to the expenses in the year.

When the assets are sold or disposed, their original costs and the accumulated depreciation which have been written off and any gain or loss from disposal of assets are recorded in the income statement.

Determination of original costs of tangible fixed assets:

Tangible fixed assets purchased

The original cost of purchased tangible fixed assets shall consist of the actual purchase price (less (-) trade discounts or reduction), taxes (excluding taxes to be refunded) and relevant expenses calculated to the time when the assets are put into operation such as fees for installation and trial operation of fixed assets; specialists and other direct costs.

The original cost of a tangible fixed asset formed from capital construction under the mode of tendering shall be the finalisation price of the construction project, other relevant fees plus (+) registration fee (if any).

Fixed assets which are buildings, structures attached to land use right, the value of land use right is computed separately and recorded as intangible fixed assets.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

8.2 Principles for recording intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. The original cost of a intangible fixed asset comprises all costs of owning the asset to the date it is put into operation as expected.

Principles for recording intangible fixed assets:

Purchase of separate intangible fixed assets

The original cost of purchased intangible fixed assets shall consist of the actual purchase price (less (-) trade discounts or reduction), taxes (excluding taxes to be refunded) and relevant expenses calculated to the time when the assets are put into operation. The land use rights which are purchased together with buildings, structures will be determined separately and recorded as intangible fixed assets.

If an intangible fixed asset is formed from the exchange involving payment accompanied with vouchers related to the capital ownership of the establishment, its original cost is the reasonable value of vouchers issued in relation to capital ownership.

Land use right

The original cost of an intangible fixed asset which is the land use right shall be the payment made to obtain the lawful land use right plus (+) compensatory payments for clearance of site, expenses for levelling the ground, registration

Computer software

The original cost of a in tangible fixed asset which is the computer software shall be the total of actual expenses incurred by the Company to obtain the computer software.

8.3 Method of depreciating and amortizing fixed assets

Depreciation is charged to write off the cost of fixed assets on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Useful life means the duration in which the tangible fixed assets produce their effect on production and business.

The estimated useful life for assets is as follows:

Buildings and structures	5 - 25 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 12 years
Transportation and facilities	5 - 8 years
Office equipment	4 - 10 years
Right to use original cells	3 years
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Indefinite land use rights are stated at the initial cost and does not amortized.

9. Principles for recording construction in progress

Construction in progress is stated at original cost. These are all necessary costs for purchasing fixed assets.

These costs are capitalised as an additional cost of asset when the works have been completed. After the works have been finalized, the asset will be handed over and put into use.

10. Principles for recording liabilities

Liabilities are recorded at original cost and not lower than the payment obligation.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

Liabilities shall be classified into trade payables, inter-company payables and other payables depending on the nature of transactions and relationship between the Company and debtors.

Liabilities must be kept records in detail according to payment schedule, creditor, type of original currency (including revaluation of liabilities payable which satisfying the definition of monetary assets denominated in foreign currencies) and other factors according to requirements of the enterprise.

At the reporting date, if it is evident that there is an unavoidable loss, an amount payable shall be recorded according to cautious rules.

11. Principles for recoding unearned revenue

Unrealized revenue is the amount the customers prepaid for one or several accounting periods.

Unearned revenue include amounts of customers paid in advance for one or many accounting periods for the revenue in correspondence with the value of goods, services.

Method of allocating unearned revenue is on the principle of conformity with obligations that the Company will perform in next one or several accounting periods.

12. Principles for recording owner's Equity

Principles for recording owner's Paid-in Capital:

The owners' paid-in capital is the amount that is initially contributed or supplemented by shareholders. The owners' paid-in capital will be recorded at the actual contributed capital by cash or assets calculated according to the par value of issued shares in the early establishment period or additional mobilization to expand operation.

Principles for recording share premium:

Share premium is the difference between the cost over and above the nominal value of the first issued or additionally issued share and the differences (increase or decrease) of the actual receiving amount against the repurchase price when treasury share is reissued. In case where shares are repurchased to cancel immediately at the purchase date, shares' value recorded decrease the business capital source at purchase date is the actual repurchase price and the business resource should be written down according to the par value and share premium of the repurchased shares.

Principles for recognising undistributed profit:

The undistributed profit is recorded at the profit (loss) from the Company's result of operation after deducting the current year corporate income tax and the adjusted items due to the retroactive application of changes in accounting policy and adjustments for material misstatement of the previous year.

The distributing of profit is based on the charter of the Company approved by the annual shareholder meeting.

13. Principles for recording treasury shares

The owners' equity instruments acquired by the Company (treasury share) are recorded at original cost and deducted into the owners' equity. The Company does not record gain (loss) when purchasing, selling, issuing or cancelling its equity instruments.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

14. Principles for recording revenues and other income:

Revenue from goods sold

Revenue from the sale of good should be recognised when all the five (5) following conditions have been satisfied: 1. The enterprise has transferred to buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods; 2. The enterprise retains neither continuing managerial involvement as an owner nor effective control over the goods sold; 3. The amount of revenue can be measured reliably; When the contract specifies that buyers are entitled to return products, goods they have bought under specific conditions, the enterprise will record the revenue only when those conditions no longer exist and the buyers do not have right to return products, goods (except for changing to other goods, services); 4. The economic benefits associated with the transaction has flown or will flow to the enterprise; 5. The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from service rendered

Revenue from services rendered is recorded when the result of the supply of services is determined reliably. In case where the services are rendered in several periods, the revenue will recorded by the part of completed works at the balance sheet. Revenue from services rendered is determined when the following (4) conditions have been satisfied: 1. The revenue is determined firmly; When the contract specifies that buyers are entitled to return the service they have bought under specific conditions, the enterprise will record the revenue only when those conditions no longer exist and the buyers do not have right to return service; 2. The economic benefits associated with the transaction has flown or will flow from the supply of the provided service; 3. Part of completed works can be determined at the balance sheet date; 4. The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

If the contract's results can not be determined firmly, the revenue will be recorded at the recoverable level of expenses recorded.

Principles and method of recording revenue from asset lease

Revenue from asset lease is recorded on the principle of allocating advanced lease amount in conformity with lease term.

Principles for recording financial income

Financial incomes include interests, royalties, distributed dividends and profits and income from other financing activities (sale and purchase of securities, liquidation of capital in joint-ventures, investment in associates, subsidiaries, other investments; Foreign exchange gains).

Income arising from interests, royalties, distributed dividends and profits of the enterprises shall be recognized if they simultaneously satisfy the two (2) conditions below 1. It is possible to obtain economic benefits from the concerned transactions; 2. Income is determined with relative certainty.

- Interests recognized on the basis of the actual time and interest rates in each period;

- Distributed dividends and profits shall be recognized when shareholders are entitled to receive dividends or the capital-contributing parties are entitled to receive profits from the capital contribution.

When an amount which has been recorded as an income becomes irrecoverable, such irrecoverable or uncertainly recoverable amount must be accounted as expense incurred in the period, but not recorded as income decrease.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

15. Principles and method of recording cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold are the cost of products, goods, services; expenses related to trading the investment properties and other expenses recorded in the cost of goods sold or recorded a decrease in the cost of goods sold in reporting period. The cost of goods sold is recorded at the date the transaction incurs or likely to incur in the future regadless payment has been made or not. The cost of goods sold and revenue shall be recorded simultaneously on conformity principles. Expenses exceeding normal consumption level are recorded immediately to the cost of goods sold on prudent principle.

16. Principles and method of recording financial expenses

Financial expenses include expenses or loss related to the financial investment, borrowing cost and capital borrowing, contribution in associate, provision for devaluation of financial investment, loss from sale of foreign currencies, loss from foreign exchange loss and other financial expenses.

Financial expenses are recorded in details by their content and determined reliably when there are sufficient evidences on these expenses.

17. Principles and methods of recording current taxes and deffered taxes

Corporate income tax includes current corporate income tax and deferred corporate income tax incurred in the year and set basis for determining operating result after tax in current fiscal year.

Current tax: is the tax payable on the taxable income and tax rate enacted in current year in accordance with the law on corporate income tax.

The tax amounts payable to the State budget will be finalized with the tax office. Differences between the tax amounts payable specified in the book and the tax amounts under finalization will be adjusted when the tax finalization has been issued by the tax office.

Tax policies the Company should comply with are as follows:

The Company pays tax at 20%.

The Company has been finalized by the Tax Department for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

18. Principles for recording earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income available to common shareholders before appropriating to Bonus and Welfare Fund by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing net income available to common shareholders (after adjusting dividends of preferred conversible shares) by the weighted-average number of common share outstanding and the weighted-average number to be issued in case where all dilutive potential common are converted into common shares.

19. Financial instruments:

Initial recognition Financial assets

According to Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC dated November 06, 2009 (Circular No. 210), financial assets are classified properly, for the purpose of presentation in the financial statements, into the financial assets which are stated at fair value through the Income Statement, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets. The Company decides to classify these assets at the date of initial recognition.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

At the date of initial recognition, the financial assets are recognized at cost plus transaction cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets.

Financial assets of the Company comprise cash, short-term deposits, trade accounts receivables and other receivables, held to maturity investment and available for sale financial assets.

Financial liabilities

According to Circular 210, financial assets are classified properly, for the purpose of presentation in the financial statements, into the financial liabilities which are stated at fair value through the Income Statement, financial liabilities determined on amortised cost basis. The Company decides to classify these liabilities at the date of initial recognition.

At the date of initial recognition, the financial liabilities are recognized at cost plus transaction cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities of the Company comprise trade payables, other payables, borrowings and liabilities.

Re-measurements after initial recognition

Currently, there are no requirements for the re-measurement of the financial instruments after initial recognition.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the report on financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the financial assets against financial liabilities or vice-versa and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

20. Related parties

Related parties include: Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

21. Principles for presenting assets, revenue and operating results by segment

A reportable segment includes business segment or a geographical segment.

A business segment is a distinguishable component of an enterprise that is engaged in providing an individual product or service or a group of related products or services and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments.

A geographical segment is a distinguishable component of an enterprise that is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of components operating in other economic environments.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS SHOWN IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

1. Cash and cash equivalents	Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020
Cash	18,923,838,397	37,548,225,211
Cash on hand	2,261,396,823	2,358,373,931
Demand deposits	16,662,441,574	35,189,851,280
Cash Equivalents	-	18,000,000,000
Deposits with the term less than 3 months		18,000,000,000
Total	18,923,838,397	55,548,225,211

2. Financial investment (for more details see page 41 to 42)

3. Trade receivables	Jun. 30,	, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020	
	Amount	Provision	Amount	Provision
a. Short-term	132,297,916,462	(16,281,083,228)	157,196,637,992	(16,281,083,228)
Local customers	95,725,977,880		117,454,099,495	-
Ha Noi branch of Mekophar J.S.C	27,391,575,299	-	37,547,684,470	-
Branch of Zuellig at Tan Tao Park	11,909,568,210	-	13,373,540,697	-
An Sinh Hospital Co., Ltd.	2,526,232,017	-	676,144,727	-
Can Tho branch of Mekophar J.S.C	5,625,712,650	-	7,342,558,824	-
Other customers	48,272,889,704	-	58,514,170,777	-
Foreign customers Nipro Pharma (3.316.497,5 JPY)	36,571,938,582 703,263,295	(16,281,083,228)	39,742,538,497	(16,281,083,228)
Neros Pharmaceuticals	32,061,775,160	(16,281,083,228)	32,522,704,110	(16,281,083,228)
Other customers	3,806,900,127	-	7,219,834,387	-
Total	132,297,916,462	(16,281,083,228)	157,196,637,992	(16,281,083,228)
b. Related parties				
An Sinh Hospital Co., Ltd.	2,526,232,017	-	676,144,727	-
Nipro Pharma Corporation	703,263,295	-	-	-
Total	3,229,495,312	-	676,144,727	-
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For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

4. Prepayments to suppliers	Jun. 30, 2	2020	Jan. 01, 2020	
	Amount	Provision	Amount	Provision
a. Short-term	13,508,533,480	-	20,585,130,019	-
Local suppliers	1,872,747,585	-	2,041,687,591	-
Vietnam Pharmaceutical				
Corporation	399,000,000	-	399,000,000	-
Bazan Vietnam Travel Co., Ltd	673,533,000			
C0., Llu	075,555,000	-	-	-
Fujicam Vietnam Co., Ltd.	282,000,000	-	282,000,000	-
Other suppliers	518,214,585	-	1,360,687,591	-
Foreign suppliers	11,635,785,895	-	18,543,442,428	-
Taisei Corporation	10,079,499,430	-	10,079,499,430	-
KHS Synchemica Corp	-	-	5,495,470,000	-
Nipro Pharma				
Corporation	566,273,400	-	-	-
Virchow Laboratories Lime	768,570,000	-	-	-
Other suppliers	221,443,065	-	2,968,472,998	-
Total =	13,508,533,480	-	20,585,130,019	-
b. Related parties Vietnam Pharmaceutical				
Corporation	399,000,000	-	399,000,000	-
Nipro Pharma	277,000,000		2,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Corporation	566,273,400	-		-
Total	965,273,400	-	399,000,000	-
5. Other receivables	Jun. 30, 2	2020	Jan. 01, 2020	
_	Amount	Provision	Amount	Provision
Short-term	885,974,223	-	956,530,328	-
Advances	15,000,000	-	-	
Other receivables	870,974,223	-	956,530,328	-
Health, social insurance, trade union fee	436,801,383	-	369,181,968	-
Remuneration for members of the Management board who do not directly manage	174,000,000	-	336,000,000	-
Pay on behalf of Zuellig Pharma VN	4,900,000	-	-	-
Other receivables	255,272,840	-	251,348,360	-
Total	885,974,223	-	956,530,328	

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

5. Inventories	Jun. 30, 2020		Jan. 01, 2020	
	Original cost	Provision	Original cost	Provision
Raw materials	192,646,721,581	-	154,543,638,717	-
Tools & supplies	2,339,719,667	-	2,838,046,143	-
Works in progress	7,603,127,233	-	21,517,166,055	-
Finished goods	89,493,078,285	-	70,512,495,808	-
Merchandise inventory	193,718	-	7,486,943	-
Total	292,082,840,484	_	249,418,833,666	-

- Value of inactive, deteriorated inventories which are not possibly consumed at the end of period: None.

- Causes and resolutions for inactive, deteriorated inventories:

+ Circumstances or events that led to the addition or reversal of provision for decline in value of inventories: For testing process inventory, items related to drugs which company manage under the expiry date. If the inventory items have expired, the company will cancel the standard implementation of the Department of Health. Therefore, there is not inventory damaged, outdated, lost of quality. The company have no provision for decline in value of inventories.

- The carrying amount of inventories pledged as security for liabilities: None.

. Long-term assets in progress	Jun. 30, 2	2020	Jan. 01,	2020
-	Amount	Provision	Amount	Provision
Works in progress	179,116,440,310	-	741,990,646,105	-
Project of Development Research and Producing Biological and Pharmaticeual Products.	672,013,200	-	494,136,987,845	-
Purchasing fixed assets	177,849,002,110	-	247,258,233,260	-
Unfinished software costs	595,425,000	-	595,425,000	-
Cộng _	179,116,440,310	_	741,990,646,105	

(*) Reason for incompletion of one normal circle of production and doing business: At June 30, 2020, The Company is in the process of acceptance and handover of machinery and equipment.

8. Tangible fixed assets (for more details see page 43)

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

9. Intangible fixed assets

	Land use right	Patents, copyrights	Total
Original cost			
Opening balance	7,438,152,000	5,473,676,139	12,911,828,139
Closing balance	7,438,152,000	5,473,676,139	12,911,828,139
Accumulated amortization			
Opening balance	-	2,938,747,224	2,938,747,224
Charge for the period	-	276,537,702	276,537,702
Closing balance		3,215,284,926	3,215,284,926
Net book value			
As at the beginning of the period	7,438,152,000	2,534,928,915	9,973,080,915
As at the end of the period	7,438,152,000	2,258,391,213	9,696,543,213

*Land use rights at 17A CMT8, Can Tho city; No.410 Nguyen Tri Phuong, Da Nang city; B26-B28-TT17 Van Quan new residential - Yen Phuc, Ha Noi City.

* Ending carrying value of intangible fixed assets pledged/mortgaged as loan security: None.

* Ending original costs of intangible fixed assets-fully depreciated but still in use: VND 2,708,299,139.

* Commitments on tangible fixed assets acquisitions, sales of large value in the future: None.

10. Prepaid expenses	Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020
a. Short-term prepaid expenses	3,938,967,848	3,513,740,151
Rental expense of land	637,709,244	-
Cost of manternance TICC and security in 2020	306,707,783	-
Repair of fixed assets	1,767,604,248	2,115,263,779
Cost of insurance	601,848,750	307,395,000
Other expenses	299,000,945	730,622,561
Cost of calibration for machine	298,596,878	238,877,500
Rental expense of office	27,500,000	121,581,311
b. Long-term prepaid expenses	6,797,798,940	6,141,455,097
Tools and equipment expenses	2,426,349,029	3,750,625,264
Other installing expenses	3,308,036,003	2,066,194,879
Cost of reparing fixed assets	1,063,413,908	206,704,660
Shevles		117,930,294
Total	10,736,766,788	9,655,195,248

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

11. Trade payables	Jun. 30,	2020	Jan. 01,	2020
_	Amount	Debt Service Coverage	Amount	Debt Service Coverage
Short-term	19,272,593,440	19,272,593,440	22,708,653,119	22,708,653,119
Local suppliers	13,562,233,718	13,562,233,718	16,855,691,536	16,855,691,536
National phytopharma J.S.C	908,353,482	908,353,482	3,371,804,102	3,371,804,102
Branch Zuellig Pharma Vietnam	2,915,916,710	2,915,916,710	2,075,791,668	2,075,791,668
Managment Board of HCM High-Tech Park	2,338,267,239	2,338,267,239	1,062,848,745	1,062,848,745
IMSC Co., Ltd.	159,600,000	159,600,000	-	-
Other suppliers	7,240,096,287	7,240,096,287	10,345,247,021	10,345,247,021
Foreign suppliers	5,710,359,722	5,710,359,722	5,852,961,583	5,852,961,583
Chifeng Pharmaceutical	1,631,000,000	1,631,000,000	-	-
Lupin Limited	-	-	2,552,023,000	2,552,023,000
Lando Pharmaceutical PTE	2,100,921,856	2,100,921,856	-	-
Nipro Pharma Corporation	416,871,866	416,871,866	559,798,583	559,798,583
Antibiotice SA	-	-	1,463,490,000	1,463,490,000
Other suppliers	1,561,566,000	1,561,566,000	1,277,650,000	1,277,650,000
Total	19,272,593,440	19,272,593,440	22,708,653,119	22,708,653,119
12. Prepayments from customers			Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020
Short-term			12,555,808,317	17,460,116,352
Local customers			8,909,150,832	15,288,790,672
Original cell bank			6,330,304,500	12,792,548,016
Anda Vietnam Co., Ltd.			838,665,900	1,033,665,900
Other customers			1,740,180,432	1,462,576,756
Foreign customers			3,646,657,485	2,171,325,680
Neros Pharmaceuticals Ltd.			3,314,158,095	-
KKC Corporation			-	941,431,439
Saba Trade Ltd			281,717,930	790,791,570
Other customers		_	50,781,460	439,102,671
Total		_	12,555,808,317	17,460,116,352

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

13. Taxes and payables to the State Budget

	Jan. 01, 2020	Payable amount	Paid amount	Jun. 30, 2020
a. Payables				
V.A.T payables	1,133,078,834	35,458,023,455	34,324,944,621	-
Import – Export duties	177,491,158	7,744,045,106	7,943,890,328	377,336,380
Corporate income tax	995,068,304	5,995,068,304	5,765,167,318	765,167,318
Foreign Contractor Tax	-	131,022,956	131,022,956	-
Others	_	36,250,000	36,250,000	-
Total	2,305,638,296	49,364,409,821	48,201,275,223	1,142,503,698
b. Receivable				
Overpaid VAT on import	206,782,438	8,189,708,556	8,019,154,614	377,336,380
Import – Export duties	37,003,624	846,849,905	856,986,085	26,867,444
Overpaid PIT	173,997,692	4,352,136,349	3,669,910,885	856,223,156
Environment tax and				
others	2,240,000	4,010,357,317	3,605,240,000	407,357,317
Total	420,023,754	17,399,052,127	16,151,291,584	1,667,784,297
Long-term Unrealized revenue of Meko	Stem		101,378,202,286	91,134,575,463
			101,378,202,286	
Unrealized revenue from fini	shed goods	-		932,660,945
Total		=	101,378,202,286	92,067,236,408
15. Other payables			Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020
Short-term				
Social insurance, health insur	rance, trade union & C	ommunist party fee	259,024,634	181,578,906
Board of Management			344,555,555	344,555,555
Other payables			17,115,094,578	17,115,094,578
Project 45 Vo Thi Sau			6,800,000,000	6,800,000,000
Corporate income tax (XN 2-	4)		91,299,513	91,299,513
Soviet's antibiotic			118,181,818	118,181,818
Happy House Investment J.S	. <i>C</i>		10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000
Other payables		_	105,613,247	105,613,247
Total			17,718,674,767	17,641,229,039

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

16. Borrowing and loans liabiliti	Jun. 30, 2020		Jan. 01, 2020	
	Amount	Debt Service Coverage	Amount	Debt Service Coverage
Long-term loans	19,690,585,904	19,690,585,904	21,835,688,085	21,835,688,085
Shinhan Bank - HCM				
Branch	19,690,585,904	19,690,585,904	21,835,688,085	21,835,688,085
# JPY	90,593,908.00	90,593,908.00	101,495,250.00	101,495,250.00
Total	19,690,585,904	19,690,585,904	21,835,688,085	21,835,688,085

Notes on borrowing from bank:

Borrowing from Shinhan Bank - HCM branch is in accordance with the following contract:

	Contract No.	Maturity	Interest rate	Closing balance	Form of security
	SHBVN/HDTD/MEKOPHAR	From Fer. 14, 2019 To Aug. 14, 2023	Interest rate for each debt note	JPY 90.593.908	Assets from borrowing liabilities
17.	Accrued expenses			Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020
	Short-term			-	5,500,000
	Other Accrued expenses				5,500,000
	Total				5,500,000

18. Owners' equity

a. Comparison schedule for changes in Owner's Equity (for more details see page 44)

b. Details of owners' shareholding

	% of shareholding	Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020
Shareholding by the State	18.20%	42,304,320,000	42,304,320,000
Shareholding by other investors	81.80%	190,185,680,000	190,185,680,000
Share premium		409,789,114,458	409,789,114,458
Total	100.00%	642,279,114,458	642,279,114,458
		Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020
Treasury share		(14,487,151,158)	(14,487,151,158)
Total		(14,487,151,158)	(14,487,151,158)
* Number of treasury shares at June 30, 2020: 277.	646 shares.	From Jan. 01, 2020	
c. Capital transactions with owners and distribut	tion of dividend	to Jun. 30, 2020	Year 2019
Owners' equity		232,490,000,000	232,490,000,000
At the beginning of the period		232,490,000,000	194,208,130,000
Capital increase during the period		-	38,281,870,000
At the end of the period		232,490,000,000	232,490,000,000
Dividends paid		34,457,031,000	28,714,750,500

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

18. Owners' equity (Cont.)

d. Dividends	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	Year 2019
Dividends declared after the balance sheet date		
Dividends on ordinary shares	Not announced yet	15%
Unrecognised accumulated dividends of preference shares		-
đ. Shares	Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020
Number of shares registered to be issued	23,249,000	23,249,000
Number of shares sold out to the public	23,249,000	23,249,000
Ordinary share	23,249,000	23,249,000
Number of shares repurchased	277,646	277,646
Ordinary share	277,646	277,646
Number of existing shares in issue	22,971,354	22,971,354
Ordinary share	22,971,354	22,971,354
Par value: VND/share.	10,000	10,000
e. Funds	Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020
Investment and development fund	570,571,691,667	546,407,678,417
Total	570,571,691,667	546,407,678,417

* Purpose of appropriating and using funds

Investment and development fund is established from the profit after tax of the enterprise and used for expanding the operating scale or investing further in the enterprise.

19. Off balance sheet items

Foreign currencies	Jun. 30, 2020		Jan. 01, 2020	
	Quantity	Converted to VND	Quantity	Converted to VND
USD	7,046.32	162,848,796	8,241.44	190,335,434
EUR	907.56	23,247,149	913.02	23,513,917
JPY	917,477	194,550,998	-	-
Total		380,646,943		213,849,351

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS IN THE INCOME STATEMENT

1. Sales	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
Revenue		
Revenue from finished goods sold	291,683,679,723	298,743,379,010
Revenue from merchandises sold	313,628,481,162	243,828,197,413
Revenue from services of original cells bank	30,049,315,681	27,477,812,181
Revenue from sale of materials	5,103,877,056	4,741,856,958
Revenue from office lease	3,683,377,746	4,478,449,498
Total	644,148,731,368	579,269,695,060
b. Revenue from related party	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
An Sinh Hospital Co., Ltd.	4,799,456,979	4,636,553,024
Nipro Pharma Corporation	2,103,871,637	<u> </u>
Total	6,903,328,616	4,636,553,024
2. Sales deductions	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
Sales returns	694,735,551	498,698,160
Total	694,735,551	498,698,160
3. Net sales	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
Revenue from finished goods sold	291,017,835,741	298,245,652,150
Revenue from merchandises sold	313,599,589,593	243,827,226,113
Revenue from exchange of services	30,049,315,681	27,477,812,181
Revenue from construction contract	5,103,877,056	4,741,856,958
Revenue from trading investment properties	3,683,377,746	4,478,449,498
Total	643,453,995,817	578,770,996,900
4. Cost of sales	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
Cost of finished goods sold	183,352,167,127	191,492,805,894
Cost of merchandises sold	312,116,503,821	242,455,659,604
Cost of service of original cells bank	9,006,483,494	8,766,518,510
Cost of materials, services rendered	4,613,102,561	4,034,060,613
Total	509,088,257,003	446,749,044,621

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

5. Financial income	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
Interest income from deposits, loans	3,387,097,653	238,446,393
Dividends, profit paid	1,486,240,000	6,539,181,000
An Sinh Hospital Co., Ltd.	1,162,240,000	6,160,000,000
VIDIPHAR Pharmaceutical JSC	324,000,000	360,000,000
OPC Pharmaceutical JSC	-	19,181,000
Realised foreign exchange gains	88,612,045	5,930,258
Unrealised foreign exchange gains		98,439,576
Total	4,961,949,698	6,881,997,227
6. Financial expenses	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
Interest expenses	164,542,925	421,082,273
Realised foreign exchange losses	698,314,183	539,810,306
Unrealised foreign exchange losses	202,858,447	908,158,327
Other financial expenses	25,000,003	24,999,999
Total	1,090,715,558	1,894,050,905
7. Selling expenses and General and administration expenses a. Selling expenses	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
Salaries	12,928,537,269	12,368,857,883
Depreciation	139,821,514	86,805,570
Services bought from outsiders	10,061,293,363	9,731,226,333
Commission	12,698,497,176	11,191,602,959
Transportation	4,835,399,217	3,574,425,485
Other sundry expenses by cash	112,367,200	108,267,200
Total	40,775,915,739	37,061,185,430
b. General and administration expenses	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
Salaries	22,745,855,144	21,457,990,931
Materials and packaging	6,609,309,672	5,416,063,448
Depreciation	8,964,500,968	1,809,132,148
Taxes, fees and duties	4,686,588,885	5,103,044,691
Provision for doubtful debt	-	3,468,281,111
Services bought from outsiders	9,678,821,926	7,727,957,148
Other sundry expenses by cash	13,280,942,117	13,441,863,880
Total	65,966,018,712	58,424,333,357

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

8. Other income	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
Disposal and sale of fixed assets (*)	36,363,636	28,181,818
Gifted raw materials		950,092,730
Other income (Treatment to surplus amount upon the counting)	408,011,329	395,989,306
Other income	64,323,495	167,060,380
Total	508,698,460	1,541,324,234
9. Other expenses	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
Administrative fines	-	126,894,091
Other expenses (Treatment to deficient amount upon the counting)	3,167,666,917	48,987,640
Other expenses	10,233,456	-
Total	3,177,900,373	175,881,731
(*) Notes on disposal, sale of fixed assets	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
Disposal, sale of fixed assets	36,363,636	28,181,818
Net book value of fixed assets and disposal, sale of fixed assets		-
Gain/(loss) from disposal, sale of fixed assets	36,363,636	28,181,818
10. Costs of production and doing business by factors	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
Raw materials	169,513,614,974	195,350,420,240
Labour cost	59,249,218,333	56,665,438,232
Depreciation and amortization	15,250,662,683	5,126,020,931
Services bought	32,346,323,105	28,521,487,527
Other sundry cash expense	33,133,085,060	36,896,409,686
Total	309,492,904,155	322,559,776,616
11. Current corporate income tax	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
1. Current corporate income tax charge accounted on the total taxable incomes of before tax this period: <i>Parent Company</i> <i>Subsidiary Company</i>	5,765,167,318 5,765,167,318 -	8,577,964,463 8,577,964,463 -
2. Adjustments of corporate income tax charge of previous years into corporate income tax charge this period:	-	60,391,218
Parent Company	-	60,391,218
3. Total current corporate income tax charge	5,765,167,318	8,638,355,681

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

12. Earnings/Diluted earnings per share	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
Accounting profit after corporate income tax	23,060,669,272	39,274,821,734
Increase or decrease of accounting profit	-	-
Profit or loss attributable to ordinary equity holders	23,060,669,272	39,274,821,734
Average ordinary shares outstanding during the period	22,971,354	21,057,261
Earnings per share	1,004	1,865
Diluted earnings per share	1,004	1,865

As at June 30, 2020, there is none of the holding stocks has the protential of declining earnings per share.

13. Objectives and financial risks management policies

Major risks of financial instruments include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Board of General Directors considers the application of management policies for the above risks as follows:

13.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to the changes in market prices. There are three market risks: interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and other price risks, for example risk of stock price. Financial instruments affected by the market risks include: Borrowings and liabilities, deposits, available-for-sale investments.

The following sensibility analysis relates to the financial position of the Company as at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

The sensitivity analysis has been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt and the proportion of financial instruments in foreign currencies are all constant.

When calculating the sensibility analysis, the Board of General Directors assumes that the sensibility of available-forsale liability in the balance sheet and related items in the income statement is affected by changes in the assumption of corresponding market risks. This analysis is based on the financial assets and liabilities that the Company held as at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to the changes in market prices. Market risks due to change in interest rate of the Company mainly relate to: borrowings and liabilities, cash and short-term deposits.

The Company manages the interest rate risk by analyzing the competition status in the market in order to apply the interest rate that brings benefits to the Company and still in the limit of its risk management.

Sensibility to interest rate

The sensibility of short-term deposits of the Company to changes that may occur at reasonable level in the interest rate is illustrated as follows.

Assuming that other variables remain constant, the fluctuation in the interest rate of short-term deposits and borrowings with floating interest rate makes impact on the Company's profit before tax as follows:

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

	Increase/Decrease of basic points	Influences on profit before tax
The first 06 months of the year 2020		
VND	+100	1,542,332,525
VND	-100	(1,542,332,525)
The first 06 months of the year 2019		
VND	+100	561,293,866
VND	-100	(561,293,866)

Increase/decrease of basic points being used to analyze the sensibility to the interest rate is assumed on the basis of observable conditions of current market. These conditions show that the fluctuation is insignificantly greater than prior periods.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to the changes in exchange rate. The Company bears risks due to changes in the exchange rate of the currencies other than VND related directly to the Company's business.

The Company manages foreign exchange risk by considering current and expected market status when it outlines plans for future transactions in foreign currencies. The Company does not use any derivative instruments to prevent foreign exchange risks.

Sensibility to foreign currencies

The sensibility of borrowings and liabilities, cash, cash in bank and short-term deposits of the Company to changes that may occur at reasonable level in the foreign currencies is illustrated as follows:

Assuming that other variables remain constant, the following table shows the sensibility of the Company's profit before tax (due to the changes in the fair value of assets and liabilities) to changes that may occur at reasonable level of the exchange rate of USD. Risks due to changes in the exchange rates of other foreign currencies of the Company are insignificant.

	Changes in exchange rate USD	Influences on profit before tax
The first 06 months of the year 2020	+ 1%	115,516,399
	-1%	(115,516,399)
The first 06 months of the year 2019	+ 1%	274,067,958
	-1%	(274,067,958)

Stock price risk

Listed and unlisted stocks held by the Company are affected by market risks resulted from the uncertainty of future value of investment stock. The Company manages risks of stock price by setting up investment limit. The Company's Board of Management considers and approves decisions on stock investment.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

At the reporting date, the fair value of investments in listed stock of the Company is VND 13,713,567,000 (December 31, 2019: VND 13,358,576,000). If the price of these stocks decreases 10%, the profit before tax will decrease approximately VND 1,371,356,700.

13.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk due to the uncertainty in a counterparty's ability to meet its obligations causing the financial loss. The Company bears credit risks from production and doing business activities (mainly trade receivables) and from its financial activities including deposits, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

Trade receivables

The Company minimizes the credit risk by only doing business with entities who have good financial capacity and closely keeping track of the liabilities to speed up the recovery of debts. On the basis of this method and receivables related to different customers, the credit risk does not concentrate on a certain customer.

Deposit

The Company mainly maintains deposits in big and prestigious banks in Vietnam. The Company realized that the concentration level of credit exposure to deposits is low.

The Board of General Directors of the Company has assessed that most financial assets are not overdue and impaired since these financial assets relate to prestigious customers who have good liquidity capacity except for overdue and/or impaired debts presented as follows:

	Not over	due	Over	due
Trade receivables	Not impaired	Impaired	Not impaired	Impaired
June 30, 2020				
Under 90 days	100,236,141,302	-	-	-
91-180 days	-	-	-	-
>181 days	-	-	7,419,227,402	24,642,547,758
Total net value	100,236,141,302	-	7,419,227,402	24,642,547,758
Provision for devaluation	-	-	-	(16,281,083,228)
Net value	100,236,141,302	_	7,419,227,402	8,361,464,530
December 31, 2019				
Under 90 days	124,673,933,882	-	-	-
91-180 days	-	-	-	-
>181 days	-	-	7,880,156,352	24,642,547,758
Total net value	124,673,933,882	-	7,880,156,352	24,642,547,758
Provision for devaluation	-	-	-	(16,281,083,228)
Net value	124,673,933,882		7,880,156,352	8,361,464,530

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

Form B 09 - DN

13.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises from the difficulty in fulfilling financial obligations due to lack of capital. The liquidity risk of the Company mainly arises from difference of maturity of the financial assets and liabilities.

The Company supervises liquidity risk by maintaining an amount of cash, cash equivalents and borrowings from banks at the level that the Board of General Directors considers as sufficient to sastisfy the Company's activities and minimize influences of changes in cash flows.

The following table summarizes liquidity deadline of the Company's financial liabilities on the basis of estimated payments in accordance with contract which are not discounted:

June 30, 2020	Under 1 year	From 1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Borrowing and financial liabilities	-	19,690,585,904	-	19,690,585,904
Trade payables	19,272,593,440	-	-	19,272,593,440
Other short-term payables and other accrued expenses	10,000,000,000	_	<u>-</u>	10,000,000,000
Total	29,272,593,440	19,690,585,904	_	48,963,179,344
December 31, 2019	Under 1 year	From 1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Borrowing and financial liabilities	-	21,835,688,085	-	21,835,688,085
Trade payables	22,708,653,119	-	-	22,708,653,119
Other short-term payables and other accrued expenses	10,005,500,000	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	10,005,500,000
Total	32,714,153,119	21,835,688,085	-	54,549,841,204

The Company believes that liquidity risk is low. The Company is able to access capital sources and controls net cash flow from operating activities so as to settle due debts.

Secured assets

The Company does not hold any secured assets of the third party as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

14. Financial assets and liabilties (for more details see page 45)

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities is stated at the value that the financial instruments are convertible in present transaction among partners, except for compulsory sale or disposal.

The Company uses the following methods and assumptions to estimate the fair value:

The fair value of cash on hand and short-term deposits, trade receivables, trade payables and other short-term liabilities is equivalent to the book value of these items because these instruments are in short-term.

The fair value of securities and listed financial liabilities is determined at market value.

The fair value of securities and financial investments whose fair value can not be firmly determined since there exists no high-liquid market for securities, financial investments will be stated at book value.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

Except for the above-mentioned items, the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities has not been valuated and determined officially as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. However, the Board of General Directors has assessed that the fair value of financial assets and liabilities is not significantly different from the book value at the accounting period end.

VII. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

1. Borrowing amount in the period	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
- Proceeds from the borrowing under normal agreement	-	62,238,110,878
- Proceeds from foreign exchange differences		858,311,497
Total		63,096,422,375
2. Payment for principal debts	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019
- Payment for principal debts under normal agreement	(2,313,264,772)	(40,944,069,110)

VIII. OTHER INFORMATION

1. Subsequent events

There are no significant events since the accounting period ended that need to be adjusted or noted in the financial statements.

2. Contingent liabilities, commitments and other information

There are no contingent liabilities, commitments occurred since the accounting period ended that need to be adjusted or noted in the financial statements.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

3. Related party transactions

Key transactions and balances with related parties:

Related parties	ated parties Relationship Transactions		Movement	Amount	
			Opening balance	676,144,727	
An Sinh Hospital Co., Ltd.	Major Shareholder	Sale of goods	Sale of goods	5,229,599,704	
An Shin Hospital Co., Etc.	Major Shareholder	(Receivable) Proceeds		3,379,512,414	
			Closing balance	2,526,232,017	
			Opening balance	-	
		Sale of goods	2,148,611,448		
		(Receivable)	Proceeds	1,445,348,153	
			Closing balance	703,263,295	
		Prepayment for	Opening balance	-	
Nipro Pharma Corporation	Major Shareholder	goods Increase in period	Increase in period	566,273,400	
		(Receivable)	Closing balance	566,273,400	
			Opening balance	(559,798,583)	
		Payable for supplier	1,735,543,238		
		(Payable)	1,878,469,955		
			Closing balance	(416,871,866)	
Vietnam Pharmaceutical	Major Shareholder	Prepayment for goods	Opening balance	399,000,000	
Corporation		(Receivable)	Closing balance	399,000,000	
Income of the Board of Man	agement and Board o	From Jan. 01, 2020 to Jun. 30, 2020	From Jan. 01, 2019 to Jun. 30, 2019		
Board of Management and I Directors.	Board of General	Salary, Bonus and Consideration	3,295,226,494	3,066,379,802	
Cộng			3,295,226,494	3,066,379,802	

4. Presentation of segment asset, revenue and operating result

The Board of General Directors of the Company defines that the issuing managemental decisions of the Company mainly bases on types of products, services that the Company provides, not on the geographial region where the Company provides its products, services. Therefore, the major report is by business sector.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

Unit: VND

4.1 Major segment reporting by business sector

a. Segment report by business sector in the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020:

Items	Net revenue	Cost of goods sold	Gross profit
Finished goods	291,017,835,741	183,352,167,127	107,665,668,614
Merchandise	313,599,589,593	312,116,503,821	1,483,085,772
Original cells bank	30,049,315,681	9,006,483,494	21,042,832,187
Materials	5,103,877,056	4,613,102,561	490,774,495
Premise lease	3,683,377,746		3,683,377,746
Total	643,453,995,817	509,088,257,003	134,365,738,814

a. Segment report by business sector in the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2019:

Items	Net revenue	Cost of goods sold	Gross profit
Finished goods	298,245,652,150	191,492,805,894	106,752,846,256
Merchandise	243,827,226,113	242,455,659,604	1,371,566,509
Original cells bank	27,477,812,181	8,766,518,510	18,711,293,671
Materials	4,741,856,958	4,034,060,613	707,796,345
Premise lease	4,478,449,498		4,478,449,498
Total	578,770,996,900	446,749,044,621	132,021,952,279

4.2 Minor segment reporting by geographical region

The Company's branches operate in the same place, so there are no differences of operations in geographical region and thus there is no segment report either.

5. Information on going-concern operation: The Company will continue its operation in the future.

PREPARED BY

Le Thi Thu Húong

MC, August 14, 2020 CHIEF ACCOUNTANT GENER L DIRECTOR CO PHAN - DUDC PHA Le Thi Thuy Hang DR. Huynh Thi Lan, PharmD.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

V.2. Financial investments		Jun. 30, 2020			Jan. 01, 2020	
	Original value	Provision	Fair value	Original value	Provision	Fair value
a. Trading securities	10,946,711,100	-	13,713,567,000	10,946,711,100	-	13,358,576,000
Vidipha Central Pharmaceutical JSC	4,070,000,000	-	5,985,000,000	4,070,000,000	-	5,841,000,000
OPC Pharmaceutical JSC	241,461,100	-	1,093,317,000	241,461,100	-	882,326,000
Pharmaceutical Packaging JSC	6,635,250,000	-	6,635,250,000	6,635,250,000		6,635,250,000
Total	10,946,711,100	-	13,713,567,000	10,946,711,100		13,358,576,000
b. Held-to-maturity investments			Jun. 30	, 2020	Jan. 01,	2020
			Original value	Book value	Original value	Book value
Short-term			155,000,000,000	155,000,000,000	80,000,000,000	80,000,000,000
- Term deposit for more than 03 months			145,000,000,000	145,000,000,000	80,000,000,000	80,000,000,000
- Bonds			10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	-	-
Total			155,000,000,000	155,000,000,000	80,000,000,000	80,000,000,000

(*) An investment in bonds of Hung Loc Phat Real Estate Investment J.S.C has a term of 18 months from June 01, 2020 with a commitment to buy back after 6 months, fixed interest rate 12%/year, which is received interest every 6 months is guaranteed by Bao Viet Securities J.S.C.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

c. Equity investments in other entities	Jun. 30, 2020		Jan. 01, 2020			
	Original value	Provision	Fair value	Original value	Provision	Fair value
Investment in joint-ventures, associates An Sinh Hospital - Percentage of	24,068,960,000	-	24,068,960,000	24,068,960,000	-	24,068,960,000
contribution: 18,34% Orchids Co., Ltd Percentage of	18,518,960,000	-	18,518,960,000	18,518,960,000	-	18,518,960,000
contribution: 15%	5,550,000,000		5,550,000,000	5,550,000,000	_	5,550,000,000
Total	24,068,960,000		24,068,960,000	24,068,960,000		24,068,960,000

(*) Operating status of associates and material transactions with related parties:

Notes on other investments - An Sinh Hospital

According to Investment Certificate No. 0302774433 dated November 25, 2002 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment, the Company registers to invest in An Sinh Hospital with the amount of VND 14,900,000,000, equivalent to 22% of the chartered capital. As at June 30, 2020, the Company invested VND 18,518,960,000, equivalent to 18,34% of the chartered capital (the amount at the beginning of the year is VND 18,518,960,000 equivalent to 18,34% of the chartered capital). The business operation of the An Sinh Hospital is stabilizing throughout the operating years and the Company has received dividends paid from the hospital in this period.

Notes on other investments - Orchids Co., Ltd.

According to provisions in Business Co-operation Contract No. 108/HDHTKD/MKP-OR/2015 signed with Orchids Co., Ltd. for the purpose of building and exploiting the tower at No. 192 Pasteur Street, Ward 6, District 3, HCMC. The project is set up with total estimated paid-in capital of VND 65,000,000,000. As at June 30, 2020, the Company has invested VND 5,550,000,000 as committed. The project has just begun to operate.

(*) Fair value as at June 30, 2020 for all the investments

The fair value of the investment in Vidipha Central Pharmaceutical JSC, OPC Pharmaceutical J.S.C is determined using the price stated in the HOSE stock market and the amount of stocks which the Company is currently holding at June 30, 2020.

The fair value of other investments in the Subsidiary and others companies has not been recalculated officially as at December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 due to the fact that these Company has not been listed in any stock exchange market so that there is no reliable reference. However, the Board of General Directors has agreed to temperately accounted the fair value as original value and added the note on the operation shorted of these investments.

MEKOPHAR CHEMICAL PHARMACEUTICAL JOINT-STOCK COMPANY

THE NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

V.8. Tangible fixed assets

Items	Buildings & Structures	Machinery & Equipment	Transportation & Facilities	Others	Total
Original cost					
Opening balance	53,610,571,336	130,263,108,547	15,643,016,181	51,439,047,261	250,955,743,325
New purchases	-	3,951,857,008	289,048,454	737,418,000	4,978,323,462
Formed from construction in progress	496,242,987,845	66,456,225,755	-	3,199,114,486	565,898,328,086
Disposal, sale	-	-	(114,469,048)	-	(114,469,048)
Closing balance	549,853,559,181	200,671,191,310	15,817,595,587	55,375,579,747	821,717,925,825
Accumulated depreciation					
Opening balance	38,242,229,159	111,945,613,354	13,285,322,782	44,932,239,919	208,405,405,214
Charge for the year	7,174,684,080	6,301,759,930	301,396,964	1,196,284,007	14,974,124,981
Disposal, sale	-	-	(114,469,048)	-	(114,469,048)
Closing balance	45,416,913,239	118,247,373,284	13,472,250,698	46,128,523,926	223,265,061,147
Net book value					
As at beginning of the period	15,368,342,177	18,317,495,193	2,357,693,399	6,506,807,342	42,550,338,111
As at the end of the period	504,436,645,942	82,423,818,026	2,345,344,889	9,247,055,821	598,452,864,678

* Ending net book value of tangible fixed assets pledged/mortgaged as loan security: None.

* Ending original costs of tangible fixed assets-fully depreciated but still in use: VND 140,849,281,609.

* Ending original costs of tangible fixed assets-waiting to be disposed: None.

* Commitments on tangible fixed assets acquisitions, sales of large value: None.

* Other changes in tangible fixed assets: None.

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

V.18. Owners' Equity

a. Comparison schedule for changes in Owner's Equity

Items	Paid-in capital	Share premium	Treasury share	Investment and Development Fund	Undistributed earnings	Total
Balance at January 01, 2019	194,208,130,000	295,058,504,458	(14,487,151,158)	505,320,886,183	111,536,195,354	1,091,636,564,837
Profit of the first 6 month of prior period	-	-	-	-	39,274,821,734	39,274,821,734
Capital increase	38,281,870,000	114,730,610,000	-	-	-	153,012,480,000
Appropriation to the Board of Management expenses fund of 2018	-	-	-	-	(326,000,000)	(326,000,000)
Appropriation to the Board of Management bonus fund of 2018	-	-	-	-	(912,000,000)	(912,000,000)
Appropriation to funds from profit of 2018	-	-	-	41,086,792,234	(41,086,792,234)	-
Dividends paid to shareholders in 2018	-	-	-	-	(28,714,750,500)	(28,714,750,500)
Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund of 2018	-	-	-	-	(9,977,949,192)	(9,977,949,192)
Decease of dividends received from associated Company in prior years.	-	-	-	-	(6,518,703,428)	(6,518,703,428)
Balance at June 30, 2019	232,490,000,000	409,789,114,458	(14,487,151,158)	546,407,678,417	63,274,821,734	1,237,474,463,451
Profit of the last 6 month of prior period	-	-	-	-	26,195,671,876	26,195,671,876
Balance at December 31, 2019	232,490,000,000	409,789,114,458	(14,487,151,158)	546,407,678,417	89,470,493,610	1,263,670,135,327
Balance at January 01, 2020	232,490,000,000	409,789,114,458	(14,487,151,158)	546,407,678,417	89,470,493,610	1,263,670,135,327
Profit of the first 6 month of period	-	-	-	-	23,060,669,272	23,060,669,272
Appropriation to the Board of Management expenses fund of 2019	-	-	-	-	(336,000,000)	(336,000,000)
Appropriation to funds from profit of 2019	-	-	-	24,164,013,250	(24,164,013,250)	-
Dividends paid to shareholders in 2019	-	-	-	-	(34,457,031,000)	(34,457,031,000)
Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund of 2019	-	-	-	-	(6,513,449,360)	(6,513,449,360)
Balance at June 30, 2020	232,490,000,000	409,789,114,458	(14,487,151,158)	570,571,691,667	47,060,669,272	1,245,424,324,239

MEKOPHAR CHEMICAL PHARMACEUTICAL JOINT-STOCK COMPANY

THE NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the accounting period of the first 06 months of the year 2020

VI.14 Financial assets and financial liabilities:

The following table specifies book value and fair value of the financial instruments presented in the financial statements:

_	Book value				Fair value		
	Jun. 30, 2020		Jan. 01	, 2020	Jun. 30, 2020	Jan. 01, 2020	
	Amount	Provision	Amount	Provision	Amount	Amount	
Financial asests							
- Available-for-sale financial assets	155,000,000,000	-	80,000,000,000	-	155,000,000,000	80,000,000,000	
- Financial assets available for sale	10,946,711,100	-	10,946,711,100	-	13,713,567,000	13,358,576,000	
- Trade receivables	132,297,916,462	(16,281,083,228)	157,196,637,992	(16,281,083,228)	116,016,833,234	140,915,554,764	
- Other receivables	-	-	152,348,360	-	-	152,348,360	
- Cash and cash equivalents	18,923,838,397	-	55,548,225,211	-	18,923,838,397	55,548,225,211	
TOTAL	317,168,465,959	(16,281,083,228)	303,843,922,663	(16,281,083,228)	303,654,238,631	289,974,704,335	
Financial liabilities							
- Borrowing and financial liabilities	19,690,585,904	-	21,835,688,085	-	19,690,585,904	21,835,688,085	
- Trade payables	19,272,593,440	-	22,708,653,119	-	19,272,593,440	22,708,653,119	
- Other payables	10,000,000,000	-	10,005,500,000	-	10,000,000,000	10,005,500,000	
TOTAL	48,963,179,344		54,549,841,204		48,963,179,344	54,549,841,204	